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U.S. FOREIGN TRADE
IMPORTS INCREASE DESPITE
NEW TARIFF

WASHINGTON, February 11th.

The drop in American exports and increase in imports are emphasized in a statement issued to-night by the United States Shipping Board, based on an analysis it has just completed dealing with American shipping during the calendar year 1932, that American ships carry less than one-third of our overseas cargoes.

Comparing results with those of 1931, the Board states that the total exports, exclusive of those moved on the Great Lakes have, in the last year, decreased 5,500,000 tons, while imports have increased 10,000,000 tons. According to the Board's analysis, the total commerce of the United States, therefore, increased over 4,000,000 tons, but more than two-thirds of the real overseas cargoes was carried under foreign flags.

DECREASE IN OIL CARGOES

"The import oil movement," continues Mr. Merrill's analysis, "is naturally carried on, to a large extent, in our own ships. For 1932, we carried 37 per cent. of this traffic as we did in 1931. In the export movement, however, which involves a longer haul and hence higher freight rates and the employment of more ships, the results were not as favorable. In 1931 we carried an average of 40 per cent. of our export oil; in 1932 this dropped to 38 per cent. A particularly noticeable thing about this movement in the last year has been the increase in the amount moved in tankers flying flags other than American or British."

The analysis divides the dry cargo movement under two heads, that going to Canada, Central America and the West Indies, and that classified "overseas." "The latter is the true measure of our success as a maritime nation," says the statement, "and employs the shipping which we normally think of when referring to our merchant marine. In this overseas cargo movement we find that in 1932 the United States exported 5,500,000 tons less than in 1931, but we also find that this is largely accounted for by the great exports of coal made necessary in 1931 by the British coal strike and the fact that in 1932 coal strikes in United States prevented our being able to ship our normal quantity of export coal. In 1931 American ships carried only 29 per cent. of our overseas exports; in 1932 they carried 31 per cent., which is a small but gratifying increase. It should be remembered that in our overseas commerce our exports in 1931 were over four times as great as our imports and in 1932 were approximately twice the quantity of our imports. The export business, therefore, determines the number of ships that our overseas trade requires."

IMPORTS GROW DESPITE TARIFF

"In overseas imports of dry cargoes the quantity increased from less than 7,000,000 tons in 1931 to more than 13,000,000 tons in 1932. Part of this is accounted for by our imports of coal during our coal strike, but even apart from this our import figures have shown a steady growth this year. This growth is particularly noticeable in the last months of the year, when our emergency coal imports no longer entered the picture. The amount of imports brought in during the last three months of 1932 was more than twice the amount brought in during the previous period of 1931."

"This would seem to indicate that the new tariff has not had any serious effect upon our import trade, although American flagships have been steadily losing ground therein in comparison with their foreign competitors. In 1931 our vessels carried 37 per cent. of our overseas imports, while for 1932 this figure dropped to 29 per cent. That the United States made any showing in the overseas commerce at all is due almost entirely to the fact that the Shipping Board maintains in world service a number of vessels at public expense. In 1932 privately owned American vessels carried 7.7 per cent. of American overseas commerce."

"In 1931 the United States carried 53 per cent. of American in bound commerce from nearby countries in our own bottoms, but in 1932 we carried only 48 per cent. In this trade the heavy movement is inward and the outbound commerce is considerably smaller. Of this latter we carried in 1931 58 per cent. and in 1932 but 53 per cent. The total amount of commerce with these regions shows the same changes which our overseas trade displays—an increase of our imports and a decrease of American exports. The former mounted from 5,500,000 tons in 1931 to more than 7,000,000 tons in 1932, while the exports dropped from 4,000,000 tons in 1931 to 3,300,000 tons in 1932. These changes had an effect of unbalancing the trade. In 1931 the outbound business was 75 per cent. of the inward business, while in 1932 the imports were more than double the exports."

FORCED TO USE OTHER FLAGS

"It is noticeable in this nearly trade, too, that the foreign flagships, other than British, has a strong hold. The question is often asked, 'How can the British, whose wages are higher than those of most Continental nations, maintain and control the world's carrying trade against their cheaper competitors?' To a large degree the answer lies in the fact that the British have so many investment interests in either the consuming or the producing end of the trade they serve, that they can direct the cargo toward British ships. It is noticeable in the Caribbean trades, that American ships carry 48 per cent. of the trade in spite

(Continued at foot of next column.)

THE ROMANCE OF ENERGY

The concern felt throughout the world over the exhaustion of our basic supplies of energy has been reflected in the eagerness to secure new oil fields. We have made lavish expenditures of the energy conserved in geologic times in the form of coal and petroleum. The United States is the largest producer, as well as the largest consumer, of both coal and oil. Our coal resources are ample for our needs for many years to come, but this cannot be said of our oil reserves. Experts tell us that, at the present rate of consumption, they will hardly suffice for more than seventy years. These facts have spurred scientists to the discovery of new sources of energy.

Attention has been given to the utilization of the power of winds, tides; to vegetable, fish and animal oils; to the sunlight, the heat of the earth and other sources. No practical means for general releasing of the energy of these forces has been found. Alcohol is considered the best substitute for petroleum. It can be made by distilling organic matter and by the fermentation and distillation of most kinds of vegetable matter. Yet the known methods of alcohol production do not yield a practicable substitute for mineral oils.

Attempts have been made to develop solar heat. Many distinguished scientists have made long voyages through hard seas of thought, vainly endeavoring to find the key which would release for the service of mankind the immense amount of energy constantly radiated to our planet. Even now, chemists are giving attention to ways and means for utilizing solar energy in a manner similar to Nature's wasteful chemical process carried on in the leaves of growing plants. The energy in the winds and tides is immense but futile. It has been proposed to bore deeply into the ground, fill the bore with water, and utilize the generated steam for power purposes. In certain parts of the world hot springs and water bores have been actually used in this manner on a small scale, and in some localities it might be possible to tap natural power supplies by using submarine steam generation.

The hydraulic generation of energy is the most valuable adjunct to coal and oil that we at present possess. Hydroelectric power is secured on the American and Canadian sides of Niagara Falls for the manufacture of carborundum, aluminum, calcium carbide, alkali, the melting of metals and other purposes. Powerful plants for generating electrical power exist at Muscle Shoals. Several large hydraulic plants on the Kora River, and at other places on the Pacific Coast, supply electric power to distant cities; and in Switzerland, Norway and Sweden, and other parts of Europe, a large number of important chemical engineering and metallurgical industries are supported by hydroelectric energy. Yet, owing to the limited areas that can be supplied, hydroelectric power can be looked upon only as a minor source of energy.

Romantic researches are being made into the internal energy of an atom. These are yielding innumerable facts from which some of the most brilliant fairy tales of science are gathered. Scientists are finding the secrets of the movements in atoms and are discovering that they occur everywhere. They promote magnetism and the principal chemical reactions. The growth of plants and the energy stored in coal, and possibly in some of the oil deposits, are partly due to radio-activity. Numerous lower plants secrete their carbon by the reduction of carbonic acid without the presence of light. But in the higher plants, heat, light and material catalysts are needed to make the carbon. It is calculated that to convert a single molecule of carbonic acid into formaldehyde, more than 150,000 calories are necessary. The radioactivities which further these chemical processes in growing plants come chiefly from the sun and other celestial bodies. No answer, however, is yet forthcoming to the practical question: "How can the radio-energy of the atom, or the atomic processes of magnetization, be utilized for the every-day needs of man so as to take the place of coal and oil?" Until there is a satisfactory reply, even those who do not possess the scientific imagination must watch with increased anxiety the profligate dissipation of our once immense stores of energy. While watching the fascinating discoveries of the scientific students of atomic energy, we must cling tightly to those sources which have hitherto so magnificently served our needs.—From The New York Times.

LORD HARDINGE AND THE RUHR

"FRENCH WILL WIN IN THE END."

In an article on the outlook on the Ruhr and in the Near East published in the Weekly-Dispatch Lord Hardinge, recently Ambassador in Paris and formerly Viceroy of India, says:

"There can be little doubt that the French and the Belgians will win in the end. It is from our every point of view most desirable that they should, for it is important to all the Allies that the reparations should be paid to us by Germany as well as to the French and other Allies. In view of our heavy engagements towards the United States. It is a matter of opinion whether, in spite of America having failed to ratify the treaty (whereby England and the U.S. were bound to come to France's assistance in the event of German aggression), his Majesty's Government should not have regarded the treaty as being in force."

of their much higher costs. The trade itself, of course, is almost wholly American, and it is for this reason that American ships can compete at all. But when the American shipper or shipowner charters additional tonnage to meet the seasonal cargo of the Caribbean trade, it is noticed that the more cheaply operated Scandinavian ships can underbid their British rivals.—N.Y. Times.

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NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

SS. "ARMAND BEHIC"

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

NOTICE

CONSIGNEES of Cargo from Marseilles,
etc., in connection with above Steamer are
hereby informed that their Goods, with the
exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables,
are being landed and stored at their risks
into the Godowns of the Hongkong and
Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon,
whence delivery may be obtained immediately
after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless
intimation is received from the Consignees
before Noon, To-morrow, requesting it to be landed
here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the
Undersigned. Goods remaining unclaimed after
the 24th inst., at Noon, will be subject to rent
and landing charges.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before
the 28th inst., or they will not be recognized.
All damaged packages will be examined on
Saturday, the 24th inst., at 10 A.M. by Messrs.
Goddard & Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.
R. RODENFUSER,
Acting Agent.

Hongkong, 19th March, 1933. [573]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

FROM NEW YORK AND YOKOHAMA.

THE SS. "CELTIC PRINCE"

having arrived from the above Ports,
Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that
their goods are being landed at their risk into
the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon
Wharf and Godown Company, Limited,
Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk and
expense.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to
be left in the Godowns, where they will be
examined on 24th March, at 10 A.M.

All claims must be presented within 15-
days of the steamer's arrival here, after which
date they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be admitted after the goods
have left the Godowns, and all Goods remain-
ing undelivered after the 26th March, will
be subject to rent.

Consignees of cargo are hereby notified
that they must produce an Import permit
signed by the Superintendent of Imports and
Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading
can be countersigned.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
FURNESS (FAR EAST), LTD.,
St. George's Building.

Hongkong, 20th March, 1933. [573]

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LTD.

FROM ANTWERP, MIDDLESBRO',
LONDON AND STRAITS.

The Steamship "REYNOLDS"

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby inform-
ed that all Goods are being landed at
their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong
and Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company,
Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves
delivery may be obtained.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods
have left the Godowns, and all Goods remain-
ing undelivered after the 14th inst., will be subject
to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be
presented to the Undersigned on or before the
7th April, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are
to be left in the Godowns, where they will be
examined on the 24th inst., at 10 A.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 17th March, 1933. [568]

DAIRY FARM NEWS

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purchase Furniture at Reasonable Price. Apply
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HONGKONG HANSAID REPORTS
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A SCHOOL LOTTERY.
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 PRINTED.

The following report of an instructive
 case is taken from the Singapore Free
 Press of March 15th:—

Before Mr. Pryde in the Police Court
 at Kuala Lumpur, Kok King Ming was
 charged with having caused to be printed
 certain documents relating to a public
 lottery.

Mr. N. A. Worley, who prosecuted,
 said he wished to press the case, as the
 lottery was nothing less than a swindle.
 The accused ran a small school, which was
 unregistered, for his own benefit. In
 June last year, he ordered 5,000 tickets
 to be printed, and in the prospectus of
 the school he advertised it as a \$80,000
 lottery. Tickets were sold all over
 Malaya, and the greater portion of the
 proceeds were said to be for the support
 of the school. According to the list of
 winning numbers issued by the accused,
 ticket number 9008 drew the first prize,
 and the second prizes went to 7830 and
 5,244. There were three third prizes,
 of which two bore the following numbers,
 6530 and 5411. Of the 10 fourth prizes
 8 were numbers under 5000. It will thus
 be seen that all the high prizes were
 won by tickets that were never printed,
 and therefore did not exist.

At the request of the Magistrate Mr.
 N. A. Worley entered the box and gave
 evidence as follows: "I am the Assistant
 Director of Education for the purposes of
 the Registration of Schools Enactment.
 On the 6th March, 1922, in my capacity
 as Assistant Director of Education I
 visited the Chee Sing school at Sungai
 Besi. I had previously received an
 application from the accused for registra-
 tion as a teacher, and a prospectus of
 the school. He produced to me the
 school chop and I noticed that the top
 part of it had been cut away. On being
 questioned by me accused admitted that
 the chop had three more characters on the
 top. I also found in the school, eight
 books of receipts which are produced in
 court. They are in my opinion nominally
 receipts, but really lottery tickets. I
 also found an oval chop, a pocket book
 containing an account of the trip made to
 "Pork" by the accused, and a book
 containing numbers. Subsequently I
 went to the Southern Press office at 11,
 Fudu Road. The proprietor of the shop
 produced the job book, and showed me
 an entry there, which was the record of
 an order given by the accused in August.
 It was an order for 5,000 receipt forms
 in books of 50 leaves each. The original
 order was produced and accused admitted
 to me that it was in his handwriting.
 The second order was for 200 small hand-
 bills. When I showed Exhibit E to the
 accused and asked him what it was, he
 admitted that it contained regulations
 for running a lottery. My conviction is
 that the whole matter was fraudulent.

FEATHERING HIS NEST.
 Accused was feathering his own nest.
 The school belonged to accused and it
 contained no apparatus except two old
 desks and some text books. A number of
 the winning tickets as published were of a
 higher denomination than any ticket pub-
 lished. No one could have won the first
 prize, for instance.

Question by accused: Is it possible for
 me to do this alone?—No.

Accused then made the following state-
 ment; I did not enjoy the benefits of this
 business. The President of the school last
 year was Chong Chun Fah. I am the
 sole proprietor this year. I run the
 school privately. It is true that I caused
 to be printed an announcement relating
 to a private lottery. It was done on
 Chong Chun Fah's instructions. I am a
 schoolmaster by profession.

The Magistrate imposed a fine of
 \$1,000, or in default 3 months' rigorous
 imprisonment.

OUTRAGES IN CAIRO.

THE FIRE HAND.
 Lord Allenby issued the following pro-
 clamation on February 10th:—"Whereas
 the assistant (of Mr. Ambler) on February
 7th was seen by many persons and no
 attempt was made to detain him or
 otherwise assist the authorities, a fine of
 600 Egyptian pounds will be levied in the
 area where the attempt occurred. The
 military authorities will direct the police
 to seize the property of any person, read-
 ing or holding property in the said area
 who does not pay his contribution on
 demand.—Reuter.

WHAT IS EYESTRAIN?

The eye has certain tiny muscles.
 When objects we look at do not come
 up to a sharp focus in the eye, these
 muscles exert themselves unduly and
 enable us to see clearly in spite of the
 defect. These muscles tire and relax
 causing the objects looked at to become
 blurred and indistinct. Upon closing the
 eyes for a few seconds the muscles be-
 come more or less rested, and objects
 are clear again for a brief period.
 Properly fitted glasses correct eyestrain,
 whether caused by astigmatism or age.

The Hongkong Optical Co., successors to
 Clark & Co., Manufacturing and Refrac-
 ting Opticians, 53, Queen's Road Central,
 have the equipment to fit your glasses
 properly.—Advt.

**IN THE CHINESE LAW
 COURTS.**
 A GERMAN DEFENDANT AND THE
 COURT.

THE USHER AS AN AUTHORITY ON
 PROCEDURE.

In view of the demand for the abolition
 of extraterritoriality in China, the follow-
 ing report from the North China Mail
 (Tientsin) is instructive regarding the
 administration of justice:—

The Chinese Court at Tientsin City took
 another step, whether backward or for-
 ward, in the case of Dr. Schmidt-Rose
 yesterday, when the defendant answered
 a summons to appear before the Pro-
 curator. The hearing was fixed for two
 o'clock. The Court opened at 2.25. Pre-
 sent, the Procurator—a different official
 from the former Procurator—also his
 secretary, and an interpreter of English.

The interpreter asks the defendant his
 name, age, nationality, residence and pro-
 fession as before.

Interpreter: You have received the
 judgment which says that you should be
 punished by payment of \$2,000 in the case
 of Wang Dze Ming.

Defendant: Is that all the judgment
 says?

Have you not got the judgment?—Yes,
 I have got it, but cannot read it because
 it is in Chinese, and I have not yet got
 ready the translation.

It says that you must pay \$2,000, or
 that you shall be imprisoned for three
 years.—I heard that it was only two
 years, so this would mean that if I could
 not pay \$2,000 dollars and the further
 claim of \$8,000, I should have to go to
 prison for about 12 years!

The other case, for the \$8,000, has been
 handed over to the Civil Courts; we have
 nothing to do with it. To-day we want
 to execute this judgment.—But you can-
 not execute this judgment yet; you have
 no right to do so.

Why not?—Because an appeal has been
 lodged in this case, before the so-called
 Superior Court.

No, there has not come anything from
 you up to February 23rd.—You are wrong;
 an appeal has been lodged on February
 21st or 22nd.

But our papers say that up to February
 23rd you have not sent anything.—And I
 tell you again that your papers are all
 wrong; everything in it is wrong, and the
 appeal was handed in on 21st or 22nd.

Have you got a receipt for sending in
 your petition?—What do you mean by a
 petition? I certainly have not sent in a
 petition, because I have nothing to
 petition from you.

But that is a kind of petition.—No, not
 at all. This is merely your wrong con-
 ception of the law. I have handed in an
 appeal, but never a petition.

But you have no receipt for this?—
 Could you really, even for a moment,
 think that after all that has happened
 here in this case, anybody would accept
 such a monstrous judgment as final?

Then you will have to produce the
 receipt for the petition.—You mean to
 say: the receipt for the Appeal. That
 shall be done. I must say that we won-
 dered how it was possible that I could
 get a summons before the Procurator
 again.

Discussion follows about whether it is
 right that the defendant, after handing
 in an appeal to the Superior Court,
 should be called before the Procurator or
 whether he ought to be summoned before
 the Superior Court. Procurator, Inter-
 preter and Secretary are of the opinion
 that defendant had to be summoned
 again before the Procurator, but the No. 1
 Usher, who ardently participates in this
 discussion, advocates the apparently more
 reasonable standpoint that in such
 case defendant can only be summoned be-
 fore the Appeal Court. The usher's
 opinion, after about 25 minutes' discus-
 sion, is accepted.

Interpreter:—Yes, when we have got
 the receipt for the appeal writ, you will
 be called before the Superior Court.
 Court rises at 3.30 p.m.

NAVY'S FORCEFUL WAY.

**HOW ADMIRAL NICHOLSON EN-
 TERED SMYRNA HARBOUR.**

Typical of British naval tradition
 was the manner of Rear-Adm. Wilnot
 S. Nicholson's entry into Smyrna Har-
 bour, with the Second Light Cruiser
 Squadron of the Atlantic Fleet, accord-
 ing to the story told by a British steamer
 captain at Athens.

Preceded by an octette of minesweepers
 clearing the field of mines about the har-
 bour mouth, and with ten seaplanes
 hovering overhead, the light cruiser
Guise, in which the rear-admiral's
 flag was flying, led the squadron in spite
 of excited signals from the Turks to keep
 out of harbour and warnings of the mines
 which had been sown. But the admiral
 continued his passage and the way was
 cleared, and until he attained the object
 of his mission—to get into touch with the
 Turkish Governor, who he warned that
 if the Turks fired the squadron guns
 would also be fired. The town then had
 directed towards it in every direction
 a number of British, four French, and
 three Italian warships, and there were
 also four United States warships and
 numerous Allied smaller armed craft in
 the harbour.

After a discussion which occupied three
 hours, the recommendation of the Educa-
 tion Committee, that all women teachers
 should be required to resign their ap-
 pointments on marriage, except in special
 cases, was adopted by the London County
 Council.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL.

There was an informal function at the
 St. Mary's School yesterday morning
 when 300 pupils attending the Italian
 Convent Branch at Kowloon met for their
 annual prize-giving. There were present:
 His Lordship Bishop D. Pozzoni, Rev.
 Fr. G. M. Spada, rector of the Rosary
 Church at Kowloon, the Rev. Mother
 Superior and Staff of the St. Mary's
 School. The prizes were distributed by
 His Lordship Bishop D. Pozzoni.

The programme of entertainment was
 as follows:—

The Duet "Westward Ho" was played
 by the Misses Aurea Baptista and
 Avehna Souza.

"Welcome" song by the children of
 Class 5 accompanied by Miss Helga
 Remedios.

Recitation "The Sunshine and the
 Rain," by the Misses B. Pestonji and
 Puresa da Eca.

"The Light-Hearted Girl," A song
 by the pupils accompanied by Miss Aurea
 Baptista.

Recitation "Lange et L'enfant" by
 Miss Odette Geoffroy.

A few words of thanks by Miss Anne
 d'Almada.

"God Save the King."

The winners of the prizes were:

THE PRIZE-WINNERS.
 Prize for Biblical knowledge from the
 Rt. Rev. Bishop Pozzoni—Aurea Baptista.
 Lugard Scholarship for the year 1922-
 23—Aida Oliveira.

Dr. A. S. Gomes, K.S.G. Scholarship
 for Regular Attendance—Class 1, Rita
 Xavier; Class 2, Avehna Souza and
 Marjorie White; Class 3, Laura Gomes;
 Class 4, Celeste Gill; Class 5, Zuleida
 Gomes; Class 6, Dulce Ribeiro; Class 7,
 Maria Martins; Class 8, Aurea Remedios.

Class 1—Senior Local Certificate and
 Prizes—1, Rita Xavier; 2, Aurea
 Baptista; 3, Mimmi Alves.

Class 2—Junior Local Certificate—1,
 Marjorie White; 2, Avehna Souza; 3,
 Helena Jorge, Hortencia Jorge and Marie
 Rosario.

Class 3—1, Laura Gomes; 2, Aida
 Oliveira; 3, Clotilde Hyndman, Lucia
 Osmund and Angelina Silva.

Class 4—1, Albertina Garcia and
 Celeste Gill; 2, Winnie Lopez; 3, Elisa
 Alvares and Aida Alves. Certificate of
 Merit: Eulalia Souza and Maria Eca da
 Silva.

Class 5—1, Esther Carvalho; 2, Olga
 Ribeiro; 3, Dulce d'Aquino and Teresa
 Sanchez. Maria Atienza and Maria
 Remedios. Certificate of Merit: Ange-
 lina Baptista and Melia Cruz.

Class 6—1, Regina Ribeiro; 2, Cynthia
 Remedios; 3, Olga Eca da Silva. Carman
 Ribeiro and Dulce Ribeiro. Certificate of
 Merit: Annie d'Almada, Katherine
 Hyndman and Aida Britto.

Class 7—1, Isabel Pestonji; 2, Cynthia
 Alves and Ignes Remedios; 3, Genevieve
 Mohamed, Daisy Chan and Florrie Wong.
 Certificate of Merit: Alda Ng, Irene
 Colloco, Augusta Noronha, Olga Gill.

Class 8—1, Aida Noronha and Lucy
 Jorge; 2, Germano Ribeiro; 3, Carlos
 Botelho and Eteleva Ribeiro. Eduardo
 Guterres and Aurea Remedios. Cer-
 tificates of Merit: Elsa Britto, Edriz
 d'Aquino and Carmen Rozario.

Class 9—1, Puresa da Eca and George
 Markham; 2, Teresa Goncalves and
 Augusto Noronha. Uga Ribeiro, Alice
 Remedios, Cecil Allum, Jack O'Sullivan,
 Maria Mattos, Fatunsha Juman Khan,
 Armina Abdulla, Cynthia Garcia.

Class 10—Eas. Alves, Guilhermina
 d'Aquino, Sergio Rosario, William Mar-
 kham, Beatrice Pestonji, Armando Xavier,
 Carlos Marques, Morah Gill, Yolanda
 Silva, Palmirina Yvanovich, Thelma
 Rosario, Augusta Guterres, Irene Botelho,
 Filomena Chavaz.

On March 8th last a young Chinese
 named Mo Kwai, set up as a dry clothes
 cleaner at No. 44, Whitfield, and on the
 first day of his business he received quite
 a number of articles of clothing to be
 cleaned, including three European suits, one
 belonging to Mr. W. J. Mockett, of
 Messrs. Kelly and Walsh, and the other
 two belonging to Chinese gentlemen.

His business in one respect was tem-
 porarily successful and financially his
 first day's takings were heavy. Having
 persuaded customers to place their clothes
 with him he set out for the pawn brokers
 and pawned all the articles which he had
 promised so faithfully to clean and return
 in the shortest possible time. With the
 proceeds of his illegal transactions, to-
 gether with the pawn tickets in his
 pocket, the dry cleaner absconded the
 same night. On the 16th inst. he returned
 to Whitfield and visited his brother,
 who, having profited by past experiences
 in dealings with him, handed him over
 to the police.

Yesterday morning he was charged on
 five counts before Mr. J. R. Wood with
 feloniously converting to his own use a
 number of articles of clothing, including
 the three European suits.

He pleaded guilty to the charges and,
 when asked by Mr. Wood why he did it,
 he replied "because I had a chit for \$20
 which I lost at gambling."

Sub-Inspector Phillips said the de-
 fendant was a born gambler; this had
 been the cause of his downfall. His
 brother had refused to assist him any
 longer. The defendant owed him a con-
 siderable amount of money.

The Magistrate ordered the defendant
 to be sent to prison for one month.

A DRY CLEANING BUSINESS

SWINDLE

"RAISING THE WIND."

On March 8th last a young Chinese
 named Mo Kwai, set up as a dry clothes
 cleaner at No. 44, Whitfield, and on the
 first day of his business he received quite
 a number of articles of clothing to be
 cleaned, including three European suits, one
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 longer. The defendant owed him a con-
 siderable amount of money.

The Magistrate ordered the defendant
 to be sent to prison for one month.

ELLIS KADOORIE INDIAN

SCHOOL.

ATHLETIC SPORTS.

The second annual meeting took place
 on Wednesday at the Indian Recreation
 Club ground at Sookunpoo Valley. There
 was a record entry, almost every boy
 in the school competing in some event.
 Heats had to be run off on the previous
 day. The success of the Sports was due
 greatly to the help of some old boys, who
 assisted in marking out the course and in
 running off the heats. Mr. U. Rumiann
 presented the prizes which had been very
 generously subscribed by the Indian Com-
 munity. Cups were presented by Wing
 On Co., E. Ellis & Co., M. S. Sooderana,
 Wair Abbas won the Championship Cup,
 presented by Mr. U. Rumiann for the
 best athlete of the year. Results:—

Results:—

Junior 100 yds. HANDICAP.—1, I.
Haroon; 2, Jaffer Mohd.

Senior High Jump.—1, W. Abbas; 2, A.
Abbas.

Junior High Jump.—1, M. Razack; 2,
I. Haroon.

Senior Arith. Race.—1, O. Hassan; 2,
A. S. Suffad.

Junior Arith. Race.—1, Norman
Osmann; 2, A. R. Suffad.

Senior 100 yds. HANDICAP.—1, M.
Sabbam; 2, W. Abbas.

Juvenile 100 yds. HANDICAP.—1, O. R.
Sadick; 2, Harsham Ahmed.

Junior 1 mile CHALLENGE CUP.—1, M.
Razack; 2, M. Sakimann.

Senior 1 mile CHALLENGE CUP.—1, M.
Imani; 2, Surjan Singh.

Senior 1 mile.—1, W. Abbas; 2, A.
Abbas.

Junior 100 yds. 3 LEGGED RACE.—1, M.
Razack and I. Haroon; 2, Jaffer Mohd.

Senior 100 yds. 3 LEGGED RACE.—1, M.
Hussain and O. Hassan; 2, S. R. Bux and
Ali Ahmed.

Senior 50 yds. SACK RACE.—1, M.
Sabbam; 2, O. Hassan.

Junior 50 yds. SACK RACE.—1, I.
Haroon; 2, Jaffer Mohd.

Senior 220 yds. CHAMPIONSHIP.—1, W.
Abbas; 2, A. Abbas.

Junior 120 yds. CHAMPIONSHIP.—1, M.
Sakimann; 2, Jaffer Mohd.

50 Yds. WHIZZ-BARROW RACE.—1, M.
Razack and M. Imani; 2, M. Sabbam and
Jaffer Mohd.

Junior 100 yds. CONSOLATION RACE.—1,
Gurbhajan Singh.

Senior 100 yds. CONSOLATION RACE.—1,
Noor Ahmed.

Quarter-mile Fast Puffs' Race.—1, G.
A. Hyder; 2, K. M. Omar.

Throwing the CRICKET BALL, SENIORS.—
1, Teja Singh.

Throwing the CRICKET BALL, JUNIORS.—
1, Gurbhajan Singh.

HEAVY SENTENCE FOR

SNATCHER.

EUROPEAN LADY'S HANDBAG

SNATCHED.

A snatching incident took place outside
 Messrs. Lane, Crawford & Co.'s on
 Wednesday, at 8 p.m. Miss F. Thompson,
 of No. 3, Fairview, Kowloon, was stand-
 ing under the verandah looking at the
 display of goods in one of the windows,
 when a Chinese youth came up from be-
 hind and snatched her handbag from
 underneath her arm. She looked round
 and saw a man in a brown suit making
 off in the direction of Des Voeux Road.
 Following up, she shouting for the follow-
 ing to be stopped. Rounding the corner of
 the King Edward Hotel, the snatcher ran
 into Mr. E. R. Hyndman. The youth turned
 round and made along Des Voeux Road
 in the direction of the Supreme Court,
 with Mr. Hyndman in pursuit. After
 going some distance he threw the handbag
 to the ground. His pursuer stopped,
 picked it up and returned it to Miss
 Thompson. A constable, sizing up the
 situation, took up the case and shortly
 afterwards succeeded in arresting him.

Yesterday the snatcher was brought be-
 fore Mr. R. E. Lindell. After hearing
 the evidence of Miss Thompson and Mr.
 Hyndman, his Worship ordered the man
 to be sent to prison for twelve months
 with hard labour and also that he should
 receive twelve strokes of the birch.

SAIGON RICE MARKET.

The Compagnie de Commerce et de
 Navigation d'Extreme Orient, in their
 report dated Saigon, March 12th, state:

"Our market is still very firm and
 prices have made a further advance.
 Some business has been done with
 Shanghai, but the demand for rice from
 the other markets is rather poor. South
 China, still in the market for paddy, and
 fairly big quantities have been exported
 during the period under review.

The total amount of rice exported from
 January 1st to February 28th, 1923, is
 129,485 tons against 128,002 in 1922.

We quote to-day:—White Saigon rice,
 No. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14,
 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25,
 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36,
 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47,
 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58,
 59, 60, 61, 62,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

DANCING.

PALACE HOTEL.
KOWLOON.The Popular
JAZZ QUARTET
of
H.M.S. TivaniaWill play at the above Hotel on SATURDAY,
24th, Dancing 9 p.m. [593]

HONGKONG MALE VOICE CHOIR.

CONCERT

in
UNION CHURCH HALL
on
TUESDAY, 27th MARCH, 1923,
at 8.15 p.m.TICKETS—\$1.00 each (Soldiers and Sailors
50 cents). (Proceeds are being given to the
HONGKONG & NEW TERRITORIES EVANGELIZA-
TION SOCIETY).
Tickets may be obtained at the Door. [596]

TO LET.

SEVEN-ROOMED Detached HOUSE with
Tennis Lawn and Garage for Two Cars.
Apply to—
PERCY SMITH, SETH & FLEMING. [594]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions
to sell by Public Auction, on
THURSDAY, the 29th MARCH, 1923,
commencing at 2.45 p.m.,
at No. 50B, NATHAN ROAD (TOP FLOOR).A QUANTITY OF VALUABLE
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Comprising—

Teak Hat Stand, Chesterfield Couch,
Chesterfield Arm Chairs with Covers, Teak
Extension Dining Table, Chairs, Book Case,
Flower Stand, Glass Ware, Crockery, etc., etc.
Teak Twin with Bevelled Mirror, Teak
Wardrobe with Bevelled Mirror Door, Marble
Top Washing Stand, Carpets, etc., etc.
also
One Columbia Gramophone.
One Lot of Records.
One Electric Coffee Machine.
One Electric Kettle.On View from Wednesday, the 28th March,
1923.
Catalogues will be issued.
Terms—Cash on delivery.LAMBERT BROS.,
Auctioneers. [596]

G. R. PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of
the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be
held on MONDAY, the 26th day of
March, 1923, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the
Public Works Department, by Order of His
Excellency the Governor, of one Lot of
CROWN LAND at junction of Canton
Road and Pakhol Street, Yuenai, in the
Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years,
with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent
to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the
King, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Lot.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Acres, Roods, and Square Feet.	Annual Rental.	Upset Price.
1	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
2	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
3	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
4	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
5	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
6	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
7	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
8	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
9	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
10	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-

G. R. PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of
the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be
held on MONDAY, the 26th day of
March, 1923, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the
Public Works Department, by Order of His
Excellency the Governor, of one Lot of
CROWN LAND at Shaukiwan in the
Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75
years, with the option of renewal at a Crown
Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the
King, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Lot.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Acres, Roods, and Square Feet.	Annual Rental.	Upset Price.
1	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
2	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
3	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
4	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
5	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
6	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
7	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
8	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
9	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-
10	100 ft. x 100 ft.	1/4	100/-	1,000/-

SAFE, Sure and Guaranteed Cure for
Leprosy, Leucoderma, Patches, Marks,
Eruptions, Pimples, Eczema, etc., in Four
Weeks. Patients willing to be treated by Post
are requested to write to—
"The Works, Beadon Square (H.P.), Calcutta."
(India) [106]

INTIMATIONS

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA
DOCK CO., LTD.NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the
ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING
OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held in the
Office of the Company, 2, QUEEN'S BUILDINGS,
HONGKONG, on MONDAY, the 26th MARCH,
1923, at 11.30 a.m., for consideration of THE
DIRECTORS' REPORT AND STATEMENT
OF ACCOUNTS for the year ending 31st
December, 1922.The SHARE REGISTER and TRANSFER
BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 17th to
the 26th March, 1923 (both days inclusive).
By Order of the Board of Directors,
R. M. DYER,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 15th March, 1923 [534]

HONGKONG CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE THIRTY-SEVENTH YEARLY
GENERAL MEETING OF THE MEM-
BERS OF THE HONGKONG CLUB will be
held in the Club House on MONDAY, the
26th MARCH, 1923, at 8.30 p.m.
By Order,
A. H. ABBAS,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 15th March, 1923. [593]

CHINA SUGAR REFINING CO.

NOTICE.

THE FORTY-FIFTH ORDINARY
ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SHARE-
HOLDERS of the above Company will be
held at the Offices of the General Agents,
PENNIE STREET, on TUESDAY, the 27th
MARCH, at 11.30 a.m., for the purpose of
receiving the Report and Statement of Accounts
for the year ending 31st December, 1922.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company
will be CLOSED from the 13th to 27th March,
both days inclusive.JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LD.,
General Agents.
Hongkong, 8th March, 1923. [514]

THE HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE

CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FIFTY-FOURTH ORDINARY
GENERAL MEETING OF SHARE-
HOLDERS will be held at the Offices of the
Undersigned on TUESDAY, the 27th
MARCH, 1923, at 11.30 a.m., for the purpose of
receiving the Report of the General Managers,
together with a Statement of Accounts for the
year ended the 31st December, 1922.
The SHARE REGISTER and TRANSFER
BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 13th to the
27th March, 1923, both days inclusive.JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
General Managers.
HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 8th March, 1923. [593]

NOTICE.

BRITISH LEGION
(HONGKONG & CHINA BRANCH).THE SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL
MEETING will be held in the CITY
HALL, Hongkong, on TUESDAY, 27th
MARCH, 1923, at 5.30 p.m., for the purpose of
receiving the Report and Accounts for the year
1922, and of electing Officers and other Mem-
bers of the Committee for the ensuing year,
and of appointing Honorary Auditors, and of
dealing with any other business.
By Order of the General Committee,
H. K. HOLMES,
Hon. Secretary.

581]

G. R. MACHINERY FOR SALE BY TENDER.

ON VIEW AT H.M. NAVAL YARD,
WAI-HAI-WEI
FROM 12th MARCH, 1923.GREEN'S Emergency Cypels, Air Com-
pressor, 450 H.P. Compound Surface
Condensing Steam Engine, 6 inch. Capstan
Lathe, 6 inch. and 6 1/2 inch Gap Lathes, Drilling,
Tapping and Strudding, Punching and Shearing,
Boring, Planing, Shaping, and Slotting Ma-
chines, Plate Bending, and Rolling Machine,
Emery Grinder, 2 Normandy Distilling Plants,
3 Lancashire Boilers.
Terms of Tender giving full description of
the above Machinery may be obtained on
application to the NAVAL STORE OFFICER, H.M.
Dockyard, Hongkong.Latest Date for receipt of Tenders, Noon
16th APRIL, 1923. [568]

HONGKONG FOOTBALL CLUB.

A SUPPER DANCE will be held on the
23rd MARCH, 1923 at the Hongkong
Hotel at 8.30 p.m. All intending Subscribers
who have not yet sent in their Names please
forward same to the Undersigned.
W. BROWN,
Hon. Sec., Dance Committee,
c/o Tai Koo Dockyard.

567]

NEWS FROM THE OLD COUNTRY.

SEND 13/- and we will mail you regularly
every week for 52 weeks a copy of any
British Weekly Newspaper, such as: Lloyd's,
People, Tit Bits, Pearson's, etc., etc. etc.
Hundreds of papers on our Big List mailed free.
A different paper sent weekly, or the same
publication for 13 weeks. 13/- pays for a year's
subscription, including postage. Most unique
and up-to-date service, greatly appreciated by
members throughout the Empire.Send 13/- to-day to—
PERIODICAL POSTING CO.,
P.O. Box 10, Bournemouth, England. [1781]

ON THE BRIGHT SIDE.

Stop across to the

HONGKONG CIGAR STORE

and you'll be

ON THE RIGHT SIDE.

[83]

INTIMATIONS

THE HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

THE FIRST GYMKHANA is fixed for
SATURDAY, APRIL 7th, 1923.
Draft Programmes and Entry Forms may be
obtained at the RACE COURSE, HONGKONG
CLUB and CAVERWAY RAY STABLES.
Entries Close Saturday, 24th March, 1923.
[553]

INTERNATIONAL TRADE

DEVELOPER, LTD.

WILL Clients please send Copy for
1923/24 ANNUAL? Back Page of
Annual is still Open for Acceptance. Apply—
Des Vaux Road. [435]

COMPANIES (WINDING UP).

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF

HONGKONG.

ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

IN THE MATTER OF COMPANIES
ORDINANCE, 1911-1921.
and
IN THE MATTER OF THE CHINA SPECIE
BANK LIMITED.NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by
an Order made by His Honour Sir
William Rees Davies, K.C., Chief Justice, in the
above matter dated the 5th day of March,
1923, it was ordered that the CHINA
SPECIE BANK LIMITED, be Wound up by the
Court under the provisions of the Companies
Ordinances of Hongkong, 1911-1921, and that
the Official Receiver be appointed Provisional
Liquidator of the Company and that JONI
HENNESSY SMITH, of Victoria, Hongkong, afore-
said, Incorporated Accountant, be continued as
Special Manager of the Company until the
further order of the Court subject to the
approval of the Official Receiver.NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN that
the First Meeting of Creditors of the Company
will be held at the Official Receiver's Office at
the Courts of Justice, Victoria, aforesaid, on the
23rd day of March, 1923, at 11 a.m., and the
First Meeting of Contributors will be held at
the same place on the same day at 11.30 a.m.
Dated this 6th day of March, 1923.
GEO. K. HALL BRITTON & CO.,
Solicitors for the Official Receiver. [500]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions
to sell by Public Auction,
on
WEDNESDAY, the 11th APRIL, 1923,
commencing at 3 p.m.,
at their Sales Room, Duddell Street.

ONE SET OF MINT MACHINERY.

This lot comprises a complete set of Mint
Machinery capable of producing 100,000 (One
hundred thousand) pieces 20-cent (Twenty
cent) coins or 200,000 (Two hundred thousand)
pieces 10-cent (Ten cent) coins per working day
of 10 hours.
(Further particulars and inspection order
may be obtained from Messrs. GILMAN & CO.,
LTD., or the Undersigned).Terms—20% of Purchase Money to be paid
on Fall of Hammer. Balance to be paid within
two weeks of day of sale.LAMBERT BROTHERS,
Auctioneers. [523]

PARTICULARS

VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY.

No. 13, WING HING STREET,
VICTORIA, HONGKONG.To be Sold by Order of the Mortgagee
By
PUBLIC AUCTION,
ON
MONDAY,
The 14th Day of MAY, 1923, at 3 o'clock P.M.
By
Messrs. LAMBERT BROTHERS
At Their Office, Duddell Street.THE Property consists of First ALL
THAT piece or parcel of ground situate
at Victoria in the Colony of Hongkong and
registered in the Land Office as SECTION
A of INLAND LOT No. 2166 together with
the messuages erections or buildings thereon
now known as No. 13, Wing Hing Street and
Secondly ALL THAT strip of land at the rear
of the said Section A of Inland Lot No. 2166
being a scavenging lane. All of which pre-
mises are held for the residue of the term of
75 years from the 15th day of May, 1916,
created by the Crown Lease thereof together
with the valuable machinery now situate in
or upon the said premises and at No. 1
Gordon Street.Particulars and Conditions of sale may be
obtained from
Messrs. HASTINGS & HASTINGS,
8, Des Vaux Road Central,
and
Messrs. LAMBERT BROTHERS,
Auctioneers. [1567]

TO LET.

OFFICES IN UNION BUILDING—Four

Rooms on Fifth Floor.

Apply
UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY
OF CANTON, LTD. [169]

TO LET.

TWO OFFICE ROOMS, Top Floor, 6

Queen's Road Central.

Apply
GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD
[300]

TO LET.

UNFURNISHED, No. 144A, THE PRINCE

near the Barker Road Tram Station—8

Rooms for 6 Months \$40 Per Month.

For particulars apply to—
DENISON, RAM & GIBBS.
8th February, 1923. [365]

INTIMATION

BURNETT'S

FINEST LONDON

DRY GIN

Unique in Character and
Flavour.GIVES THAT DISTINCTIVE
EXCELLENCE TO
A COCKTAIL.BURNETT'S Gin was a
household word in London
before most of the men
who fought in the
big war were born—
AND STILL IS!

SOLE IMPORTERS:

A. S. WATSON &
CO., LTD.

Wine & Spirit Merchants.

ESTABLISHED 61 YEARS.

DEATH.

PRICE—On 20th March, 1923, MARY
PAUL, mother of HARRY, TOMMY,
STANLEY and LILY. Intermment took
place at Happy Valley on 21st March.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

The family of the late MARY PRICE thank
their friends who sent floral tributes
and expressions of sympathy in their
recent bereavement. [565]

HONGKONG OFFICE: 104, Des Vaux Rd., C.

LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, MARCH 23RD, 1923.

THE CHINESE LAW COURTS.

Among subjects discussed by the
recent Conference of the Associated
British Chambers of Commerce of China
and Hongkong was that of the Chinese
demand for the abolition of extra-
territoriality and a resolution was passed
asking a full opportunity should be
given to members of Commerce and
other bodies in China to place
their views before the International Com-
mission which is to enquire into
and report on the subject. The matter
was discussed under the impression that
the Commission would be coming to
China during the present year, but the
Chinese Government has since formally
requested Legations to postpone the
arrival of the Commission until the
autumn next year. We are not aware
that the mission has been appointed,
and we do not whether China will be any
better placed next year than it is this
year to give the Commission. But
whatever residents in China may
think of the claims, they are faced
with the fact that the resolution passed
at the Wington Conference has carried
the study of this question a step forward,
and that there are Chinese
politicians and "legal organisations" in
the North who protesting against the
postponement of the coming of the Inter-
national mission indicates that there
is not likely to be indefinite delay. There-
fore, the matter passed by the Con-
ference of British Chambers of Commerceat Shanghai is not untimely. The object
in view was that foreign bodies in China
should collect information and be fully
prepared to present their case to the
Commission when it arrives. "We need,"
said Mr. F. S. MAYERS, "to know in
detail, and to make generally known the
facts regarding the administration of
justice in China." In this connection the
experiences of German and Russian
subjects who, since the war, have become
amenable to the Chinese courts as a
consequence of the abrogation of the treaties
which had guaranteed them extra-
territorial jurisdiction, are very instruc-
tive on the subject. There was a recent
case in Canton which furnished an
interesting example of Chinese judicial
procedure that foreign officials collecting
information on the subject are not likely
to have overlooked, and in another part
of to-day's issue we reproduce from a
Tientsin paper a very illuminating report
of a discussion which recently took place
in the Chinese Court at Tientsin. Where
the views of the Court usher can be
successfully urged against those of Judge
and Procurator, it will be agreed that
judicial reform is in an embryonic stage.
There can, of course, be no thought on
the part of the Treaty Powers of placing
their nationals at the mercy of Courts
which give proof of such incompetence.
The question is one of vital importance
to foreign residents in China. As was
pointed out in the discussion at the
Shanghai Conference, in cases where a
foreigner sues a German or a Russian in a
Chinese Court, the Chinese Government
deny the plaintiff the right to be repre-
sented by a Consular official of his own
nationality. The Chinese Government
contend that the Treaty right applies only
to cases where Chinese are defendants.
The British Government is understood to
have urged the view that the intention
of the Treaty right of British subjects
to have a British Consular assessor in
cases brought by them in Chinese Courts
is not merely to guard against the
possible danger of a Chinese judge
favouring a Chinese defendant, but
generally to ensure that the British
plaintiff shall obtain justice in Chinese
Courts, no matter whether the defendant
be Chinese or a foreigner amenable to
Chinese jurisdiction. "Nevertheless," said
Mr. MAYERS, speaking at the Shanghai
Conference, "the British Authorities have
already on occasion had to acquiesce in
British plaintiffs taking proceedings in
Chinese Courts against non-extra-terri-
torial foreigners without the presence of
a British assessor, in cases where there
was a danger of the British plaintiff
suffering serious financial loss owing to
this difference of opinion between the
British and Chinese Governments as to
a question of Treaty interpretation." That
being so the Legations in Peking and the
Chambers of Commerce ought to be in
possession of an important body of
evidence as to the competency or incom-
petence of the Chinese Courts by the time
an International Commission of Jurists
comes to China to ascertain whether the
time has arrived when extra-territorial
privileges can be safely surrendered.

The Hongkong Male Voice Choir are

advertised to give a concert in Union

Church Hall next Tuesday evening.

In consequence of an unfounded

rumour in the Canton vernacular news-

papers, a run took place on the Shamoo

branch of the Bank of Taiwan. All

demands have been met, with the assist-

ance of the Hongkong branch, and the

rumour that the bank was in any diffi-

culty has been authoritatively denied.

Three mailships were destroyed by fire

at Aplichau, near Aberdeen, on Tuesday.

The fire was caused by the carelessness of

a small boy who had been left to look

after a burning chatty in one of the

sheds. The flames spread rapidly to the

two other sheds in the vicinity and all

three were gutted before any efforts to

save them could be made.

A belated note informs us that Mr. A.

D. Barretto is absent from the Colony

and could not have moved and seconded

resolutions at the public meeting on the

Housing Problem on Monday, as stated

in the published reports. As the writer

of the correction was present at the meet-

ing he could possibly have sent us the

name of the person who was mistaken for

Mr. Barretto. Modesty, perhaps, pre-

vented him from doing so.

Among the passengers who left by the

Empress of Asia yesterday were Mr.

J. Duncan, executive engineer of the

Public Works Department, who is going

on leave, accompanied by Mrs. Duncan,
Mr. M. J. Breen, Mr. F. B. Deacon, Mrs.
A. C. Franklin, Rev. and Mrs. G. R.
Lindsay, Lady Leveson and the Misses
Leveson, Mr. J. L. Macpherson, Mr. E.
Murdoch, Captain and Mrs. C. O.
Olliver, Mr. Robert Sheehan, Mrs.
M. L. Shiner, Mr. and Mrs. W. Sassoon.

Manila hemp shippers are about to

make a determined effort, says a Manila

paper to break the conference rates on

hemp shipments to the United States.

Exporters declare that present rates of

\$1.50 per bale, Pacific coast, and \$3.00,
Atlantic coast, are too high. Experi-ments in chartering vessels to carry hemp
have resulted in a lay-down cost of \$2.00
to \$2.25, New York. As a result of these
experiments a number of hemp exporters
are negotiating for a combine which will
have as its object the chartering of special
vessels for Manila and Cebu hemp.

MACAO NOTES.

[FROM A CORRESPONDENT.]

AVIATION.

CABLES.

[LATEST CABLES.
[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NAVAL LIMITATION.

VESSELS GREAT BRITAIN HAS
SCRAPPED.

LONDON, March 21st.
In the course of a speech in London, the Hon. Mr. Amery said that Great Britain has scrapped warships totalling 1,800,000 tons since the Washington Conference or, with the ships in the course of construction and the auxiliary vessels scrapped, some 2,000,000 tons, including 35 battleships and battle-cruisers, 83 cruisers, 283 destroyers, 95 torpedo-boats, and 101 submarines.

EARLIER CABLES.

FRANCE FAVOURS RATIFICATION
OF AGREEMENT.

Paris, March 21st.
A report presented to the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Chamber on the Washington naval agreement favours ratification, but only for the normal duration, expiring in 1936, and not an indefinite period, renewal thereafter to be by tacit agreement, while the ratio of strength established ought not to be considered immutable.

THE RUHR.

GERMAN SABOTAGE TO BE
CHECKED.

Cologne, March 21st.
The Inter-Allied Rhineland High Commission has decided to prohibit forthwith all night traffic except by rail between occupied and unoccupied Germany, in order to prevent unruly persons committing crimes in the Rhineland and then escaping to unoccupied Germany.

LONDON, March 21st.

It is officially announced that the Inter-Allied Rhineland Commission has decided from March 26th, to replace the uniform import duty of ten per cent. by the German import tariff in the form in which it stood in April, 1922.

INDUSTRIAL UNREST.

THREATENED STRIKES AND LOCK-
OUTS AT HOME.

LONDON, March 21st.
The result of the building trade unions' ballot is a fifty per cent. majority against the acceptance of the employers' terms for a reduction of wages coinciding with the commencement of the Government's housing scheme. This focuses attention on the growing portents of an end to the industrial peace which has lasted since 1921.

A strike of farm labourers in Norfolk and Suffolk is spreading, as the result of importation of labour from other countries. The trouble in the coalfields has been accentuated by the decision of the South Wales miners' executive to tender three months' notice of termination of the national agreement in order to reopen negotiations on the working conditions and wages. The electrical power engineers threaten to call a general stoppage owing to alleged victimization. There is also discontent among seamen consequent on the ship-owners' demand to reduce wages. The British Pottery Manufacturers' Federation intend to notify a lockout on March 24th as the operatives have rejected the employers' modified demand of a ten per cent. reduction in wages. Sixty thousand are affected in this case. Negotiations are expected to continue.

INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS.
SUGGESTED CONFERENCE AT
WASHINGTON.

Rome, March 21st.
The American delegation to the International Chambers of Commerce Congress has agreed to a resolution to be submitted to the finance section on Friday, suggesting an international economic conference (especially to deal with reparations, international debts, exchange and international credits). If the resolution be carried, it is believed the Italian delegation will suggest that the conference be held in Washington.

THE NEAR EAST.

TURKISH COUNTER PROPOSALS
UNDER CONSIDERATION.

LONDON, March 21st.
The Allied conference to consider the Turkish counter-proposals has opened at the Foreign Office. Lord Curzon made a short speech of welcome, and sub-committees were appointed to consider the various Turkish proposals.

IRISH ARRESTS.

HOUSES RAIDED IN
DUBLIN.

LONDON, March 21st.
Free State detectives raided ten houses in Dublin, and effected numerous arrests, including the Republican Director of Publicity and a despatch-bearer carrying a message for De Valera.

BRITAIN'S AIR FORCE.

WEAKNESS STRESSED IN HOUSE
OF LORDS.

LONDON, March 21st.

In the House of Lords, Lord Birkenhead, Haldane, Long and Carson gravely laid stress on the weakness of the Air Force contrasted with that of other Powers. Lord Grey emphasized the increasing uncertainty of the situation in Europe and the danger of fresh competition in armaments, particularly aerial, and said that unless a greater sense of security came about it would be impossible for any Government to hold its position unless it could show we were in a position as regards aircraft to secure the defence of vital parts of the country against any possible attack. Replying, the Duke of Sutherland said that foundations had been laid sufficient for the support of a force twice or thrice the present size. The Marquis of Salisbury assured the House that the Government was pursuing the matter without intermission, and hoped it would be possible shortly to announce the result of its deliberations.

AMERICA AND RUSSIA.

SOVIET FAILS TO INSPIRE
CONFIDENCE.

LONDON, March 21st.

Replying to a delegation from the Women's Committee for the recognition of Russia, it is understood that Mr. Hughes declared that reports reaching the department had failed to inspire confidence in the Soviet or furnish a basis for discussions with Moscow.

Mr. Hughes afterwards stated that the attitude of the State Department was one of non-interference in Russia's internal concerns, but a determination not to enter into discussions for recognition until the Soviet be established on a sound basis for international intercourse. Referring to the Russian debt to America, he said that indulgence and proper arrangements were one thing, and repudiation another.

FRANCE STRONGER.

LONDON, March 21st.
The French franc, on Continental support, appreciated to 88.90, and the Belgian to 77.50.

HOME SPORT.

RESULT OF LINCOLNSHIRE
HANDICAP.

LONDON, March 21st.
The result of the Lincolnshire Handicap was:
White Bud (66/1) 1
Roman Bachelor (100/8) 2
Serval (50/1) 3
Thirty ran, and the race was won by a length, with half a length between second and third.

LEAGUE FOOTBALL.

LONDON, March 22nd.
In the English League (First Division) Huddersfield beat Preston North End 2 goals to nil. In the Scottish League, Kilmarnock beat Third Lanark by 2 goals to nil.

NO MORE PUZZLE
ADDRESSES.LETTERS MUST BE DIRECTED IN
ORTHODOX WAY.

No more "puzzle addresses" is the fiat of the G.P.O. Letters addressed in unorthodox fashion will in future be returned to their senders.
The department which used to spend a lot of time and pride itself on the successes it achieved in deciphering apparently unintelligible hieroglyphics and occasionally pictures—has been drastically cut down. The "puzzle address" office cost the taxpayer more money than it was worth. It served a useful purpose when we were not so educated a people as we are supposed to be to-day, when all sorts of weird specimens of handwritings had to be interpreted somehow or other, but the authorities think there is no need for such things now.

This will put a stop to the pranks of school-boys who addressed their letters in Latin as a "try on" for the Post Office, and to the wiles of the joker who obscured the intended destination of his postal packet in some design or conundrum.

At one time the people whose job it was to discover concealed addresses resorted to all sorts of devices to help them out of their difficulties.
They were allowed to use any book which came in handy for the purpose, and had many ingenious methods of ferreting out hidden meanings, but all that has now stopped.

Instructions have been issued that the only books of reference they are to consult are the Official Post Office guide and local directories.
"We shall, of course, still do our best to deliver letters addressed by obviously illiterate people, and we have sufficient staff in the 'blind division' to cope with such cases," an official of the Post Office told a newspaper reporter.
"Similarly we have men who know every language, so that letters addressed in foreign languages will be delivered."
Some of the "puzzle addresses" which the Post Office has succeeded in unravelling are preserved in tracing outlines in books.
One letter addressed to "Lormair, Manhouse," was delivered to the Lord Mayor at the Mansion House.
All the alphabet, with the exception of the letter "L," was scrawled over another envelope, which the Post Office discovered was intended for a Mr. Nowell.

FAR EASTERN CABLE

NEWS.

[REUTERS' AGENCY.]

CHINA'S FINANCES.

FURTHER SUGGESTIONS BY "THE
TIMES" PEKING CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, March 21st.

The Peking correspondent of *The Times*, in a concluding article on the financial chaos in China, says that he considers the situation demands earlier attention than is possible by awaiting the recommendations of the Foreign Commission, proposed at the Washington Conference to formulate conditions, under which the 2½ per cent. surtax should be granted. As an alternative, he suggests that the interested Powers should appoint a small committee of experts to prepare evidence for submission to the commission; otherwise the representatives of the allied Powers who are to assemble at Peking will find themselves confronted with a deluge of figures, and a tissue of complicated issues, with which they will be totally unable to deal until they have lived in the country for years. The correspondent does not disguise the possibility that, if the move is cleared up and the Chinese Government is given a fresh start, renewed involuntarily may succeed solvency. Any safeguards can only hinder the tendency to revert to bankruptcy, and if the Chinese persist in taking the downward path the foreigner will have to run this risk.

PEKING POLITICAL SHUFFLE.

FOREIGN MINISTER RESIGNS.

PEKING, March 22nd.

Huang Fu, the Foreign Minister, resigned yesterday, and proceeded to Tientsin. His resignation is reported to be due to attacks against the Government in connection with the alleged mishandling of the 1918 Treaty question.
It is also stated in Chinese political circles that Huang Fu does not desire to refuse to accept Japan's reply, which the Cabinet is reported to intend doing.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS NEAR
FOOCHOW.

PEKING, March 22nd.

Gen. Yang Sen's forces are reported to be completely masters of Wanhsien, Chung Chow and the Fuchow district. All the Szechuan troops there are reported to have gone over to General Yang Sen. The latter is reported to be pushing on rapidly towards Chungking, which he is confident of capturing.

General Sun Chuan-fang's troops are reported just outside Fochow, and it is unofficially reported that Sun Chuan-fang is likely to enter Fochow to-day. The troops near Fengtai are reported to have mutinied on Tuesday night, and it is stated that they looted the shops. Military circles state that the looting was done by brigands attired in uniform.

JAPANESE EMBASSY RECEPTION.

LONDON, March 21st.

The Japanese Ambassador gave a reception to members of the Japan Society, and others, including the Chinese Charge d'Affaires and representatives of the Foreign Office, the Lord Mayor and Lady Mayores.

ASIAN IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Cape Town, March 21st.

In the Assembly, the Ministerialist, Mackenzie, gave notice of a motion requesting the Government to consider the allocation of separate, distinct areas for the Asiatic community.

CHINESE LEGATION DINNER.

LONDON, March 21st.

H. E. and Mrs. Chao Hsin-chun entertained Colonel P. T. Eitherton, Miss Barrett, the lady writer, going on a visit to China, and other prominent persons and prominent Chinese to dinner at the Chinese Legation.

ARMAMENT REDUCTION IN JAPAN.

7,000 MEN DISCHARGED.

TOKYO, March 21st.

Three thousand workmen from the Tokyo arsenal 3,000 from Kyoto arsenal and 1,000 from Kurume Arsenal to-day received notice of discharge, in pursuance of the armament reduction policy. Every military and police precaution has been taken to prevent disturbances.

JURY SYSTEM FOR JAPAN.

TOKYO, March 22nd.

The Upper House has passed a Bill providing that the jury system become operative in Japan from 1935. The Bill was passed by 143 votes to 8.

[BY COURTESY OF THE "DAILY BULLETIN,"]

THE POLITICAL SITUATION IN
CHINA.

DR. SUN YAT SEN'S FOLLOWERS
INDIGNANT.

PEKING, March 21st.

Last night's mandates created considerable surprise in political circles.

Sun Yat Sen's followers are indignant, and they are expected to start a vigorous opposition against the Cabinet; they may even bring a vote of no confidence in the House of Representatives this afternoon.

Various political bodies are holding special meetings this afternoon to decide their course of action in view of the latest developments.

A number of members of Parliament are circulating the provinces denouncing the Cabinet owing to alleged failure of the foreign policy, but especially with reference to the 1918 Treaty.

This circular states that both Houses asked the Government to declare the Treaty null and void, instead of which the Government merely asked Japan to discuss the Treaty with a view to its abrogation.

The Government thus virtually admitted the existence and validity of the Treaty, whereas the action demanded would have meant that China had not recognised its existence.

The circular states that Premier Chan Shou Tseng admitted failure at the secret session on Monday.

Some of the voluminous papers state that a vote of censure may be moved in Parliament against the Premier for alleged general failure of the foreign policy, and that this may lead to the fall of the Cabinet shortly.

TREATY OF 1918.

CHINA DISSATISFIED WITH JAPAN'S
REPLY.

PEKING, March 21st.

The House of Representatives to-day passed a resolution by a large majority urging the Government to refuse to accept Japan's reply with regard to the abrogation of the 1918 Treaty.
The above resolution will be forwarded to the Cabinet this evening.

The second resolution was also passed asking the Government to inform Japan that China is dissatisfied with the reply regarding the Treaty.

INDUSTRIAL MAGNATES.

GERMANY'S REAL MASTERS.

"A SCANDALOUS PARADOX."

The French Ambassador, his Excellency the Comte de Saint Aulaire, speaking on February 14th at a luncheon given by the Birmingham Chamber of Commerce, said he intended to speak plainly about reparations, although the problem must be a night-mare to most of them. He hoped he would not be disclosing any diplomatic secret if he confessed that his view on that subject. France accepted the principle of the interdependence of nations, though that principle had often been invoked against her. The ruin of France would have its effect upon the trade of Great Britain. He asked them to consider what that effect would be if France, which was Great Britain's most important customer, were to be crushed by a burden of debts incurred first to repel German aggression and then to restore her devastated territory. Yet France, after four years of exemplary patience, had received from Germany practically nothing, while during this period she had had to advance to Germany over 100,000,000,000 francs. It was an incredible and scandalous paradox that France had been obliged to become the banker of her aggressor, whose productive power had been retained intact. Some newspapers declared that Great Britain in similar circumstances would have acted differently. He agreed Great Britain would have acted more firmly and more quickly.

The industrial magnates were the real masters of Germany. They had a double object: to avoid payment of reparations and acquire wealth, in order to prepare military and economic revenge. It was a cunning scheme, which involved the burden of debts that she could not resist a new German aggression. France had decided that the German magnates had fooled her long enough, and that the magnates should be compelled to pay the taxes which they were now eluding and leaving to be borne by the working classes of Germany. Therefore, France decided to go into the Ruhr and occupy the stronghold of the defaulting magnates. He declared that France was neither militarist nor imperialist, and she desired peace as much as any other country. But he had learned by bitter experience that the Germans and their great magnates in particular, would only force her. How, he asked, could France be suspected of harbouring thoughts of conquest and hegemony. It was on record that, on the contrary, France had repeatedly asked her Allies to associate themselves with her Ruhr policy, and he need not remind Great Britain that a place at the side of France was always kept open for this country. France, Belgium, and Italy were already devoting themselves to that good work. If Great Britain, whose prestige stood so high in the world, would consent to give her co-operation, the achievement of the common task would be greatly facilitated.

AMERICAN CABLE NEWS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS MESSAGES TO
MANTHA PAPERS.]

SPECULATIVE SUGAR PRICES.

SEATTLE, March 18th.

The Northwest States Co-operative Fruit Growers to-day telegraphed Herbert C. Hoover, secretary of commerce, protesting against the rising price of sugar and characterized it as "largely speculative."

THE U.S. MERCHANT MARINE.

SEATTLE, March 14th.

L. A. Frothingham, representative in congress from Massachusetts, who is on his way to the Far East, said to-day that without an adequate merchant marine the United States would be virtually at a standstill within ten years and then he added:

"If we are to keep the Philippines we must have a merchant marine to control our commerce with the islands."

BOXING.

NEW YORK, March 14th.

Bill Brennan who was knocked out last Monday night by Luis Firpo, South American Champion, was removed to a hospital to-day. It is believed he may have concussion of the brain. The knockout blow was a terrific right hander on the base of Brennan's brain which dazed him for some time. He complained of pains in his head to-day and soon afterward he was rushed to the hospital.

Physicians said to-night that Bill Brennan who was injured in his fight with Luis Firpo Monday night, "shows every sign of having taken an awful beating but that his general condition gives no present cause for alarm."

LOS ANGELES, March 14th.

Jack Dempsey, champion heavyweight of the world, said to-day he had received an offer of \$750,000 to fight Luis Firpo, South American champion, at Buenos Aires in November.

ILLNESS OF BISHOP TUTTLE.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 14th.

Right Rev. Daniel S. Tuttle, presiding bishop of the Episcopal Church in the United States, is ill with a grippa. He lapsed into coma to-day and his death is believed to be imminent.

[Bishop Tuttle is eighty-six years old and has been presiding bishop of the Episcopal Church for twenty years.]

INCREASED WAGES FOR ARIZONA
COPPER MINERS.

PHOENIX, ARIZ., March 14th.

Copper mining companies throughout Arizona were posting notices to-day of ten per cent wage increase to all day wage labourers, effective March 15th.

INDICTED FOR PERJURY.

NEWARK, N.Y., March 16th.

Ernest Barrows, Captain of a steamer, and her mother, Mrs. Florence K. Fontaine, were indicted for perjury to-day in connection with the dancer's suit of \$1,000,000 for breach of promise against Cornelius Vanderbilt Whitney.

A STORM-WRECKED TOWN.

MEMPHIS, TENN., March 16th.

Eight people were killed and more than fifty injured during a storm which wrecked the village of Savage, Mississippi, yesterday. The storm also damaged the towns of Eardis, Hernando, Philipp and Crenshaw, Mississippi. Buildings were destroyed and several persons injured.

It was reported to-day that the town of Savage, Mississippi, was wiped out by a wind storm.

TRANS-PACIFIC CABLE SURVEYOR.

LONDON, March 16th.

Captain Harry M. Hodges, retired, United States navy, who completed a survey for the trans-Pacific cable in 1900, died to-day. He had thirty years' service, of which twenty-three was actual sea duty.

A GOVERNMENT APPOINTMENT.

WASHINGTON, March 16th.

D. W. Davis, ex-governor of Idaho, to-day was sworn in as special assistant to the secretary of the interior. He will be the personal aide to Secretary Work.

OBITUARY.

A FAMOUS SURGEON.

LOS ANGELES, March 14th.

Dr. G. F. Lydston, one of the foremost surgeons of the country, formerly of Chicago, died to-day. He started the medical world in 1914 by proving the theory of gland transplanting. He transferred the glands of an eighteen years old boy who had committed suicide, to his own body.

EX-PRESIDENT OF RAIL
BROTHERHOOD.

BALTIMORE, March 16th.

William S. Carter, former president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen, died to-day of arterio sclerosis.

EX-PREMIER OF SPAIN.

MADRID, March 14th.

Manuel Allende Salazar, former premier, died to-day.

LIBEL BY RIDICULE.

LITIGANT TO PAY DAMAGES.

A remarkable action in which damages for libel were claimed was heard at the County of London Sheriff's Court last month.

Mr. Bertram Ewart White, solicitor of the firm of Reid, Sharnman and Co., 82, Bedford Row, London, W.C., who was represented by Mr. B. Levenson, proceeded against Mr. William Robinson, turf commission agent, of 29, Vale Court, Hampstead. The defendant did not appear, and was unrepresented. The case was heard before a jury which included two ladies.

Mr. Levenson said the Court was asked to assess the amount of damages Mr. White was entitled to recover against Robinson, who had libelled him very seriously. Mr. Robinson was a bookmaker about 2½ years ago. Mr. White's firm were acting for a Mr. Hatrick, who brought an action against Mr. Robinson, a very large sum of money being involved. That action was settled outside the court, Mr. Robinson consenting to pay money to Mr. Hatrick.

For some reason best known to himself, owing to those proceedings Mr. Robinson had a grudge against Mr. White. There was difficulty in getting the terms of settlement carried out. When that matter was proceeding the libels started and they continued up to the end of last year.

Counsel then indicated the libels complained of. Some were contained in letters to Mr. Hatrick. One read—

"Dear Hatrick, Don't let White get you to burn your fingers. You are good enough for a lawyer, for you are so easily led. Lawyers are hungry sharks. Have a bit on Beauregard for the next big race he runs in. It will pay you better than law and you cannot lose much."

Another libellous communication was addressed. "To Tricky White, Reid, Sharnman & Co." It contained the passages—

"No doubt the exchequer has run low. If you could persuade your client to go on long enough you would be like the wise monkey, and have all the cheese."

The defendant once addressed a communication to "Re be White." That, said counsel, is obviously a play on the words. "Is he a white man?" In another message Mr. White was addressed as "Bo White, legal adviser."

A mock legal notice was sent to Mr. White.

"Be White of 1909. In the high court of common sense, world's divisions between Be White (plaintiff) and William Robinson (defendant). Take notice that a writ of inquiry into the scarcity of clients will be executed on Sunday the 1st day of April, 1923, at the hour of eleven of the cock-a-doodle-doo in the forenoon at 29, Vale Court, in the borough of Hampstead, in the county of London, when and where counsel had better appear on behalf of the said Plaintiff (with a capital P) aforesaid."

The Sheriff pointed out to the jury that it was not a question of libel damages. It was a question of teaching the defendant that he could not annoy people by such ridiculous libels. The jury assessed damages against the defendant at £10.

ELLIS ISLAND.

SIR A. GEDDES'S REPORT.

Extensive and expensive changes in the system of dealing with immigrants arriving at New York, and possibly at other large receiving stations would be involved if full effect were to be given to the recommendations of Sir Auckland Geddes, who was sent to Ellis Island, at the end of last year. The visit was made on the invitation of and in the company of Mr. Davis, Secretary for Labour, to whom the State Department had referred the complaints submitted through the British Embassy with regard to the treatment of respectable British citizens at the crowded immigration station on Ellis Island.

Mr. Davis himself (says Reuters' New York correspondent), on the advice of the officials of the Immigration Bureau, was inclined to believe that, while conditions on the island were not perfect, they were not so bad as had been represented, and that the provision of additional officials would remove the cause of most complaints.

Sir Auckland Geddes, however, who examined the conditions with a view to the making of a medical expert, found many things wrong, but any remedy would involve large expenditure and many changes. He tasted the food, and pronounced it "all right," but considered the sleeping quarters terribly crowded if not absolutely insanitary, and it was admitted that they were certainly not attractive owing to the evil odours and personal repugnance of a large number of the immigrants, and that it would be hardship for any person of refinement to spend a night in such quarters.

The result of the observations of the investigators appears to be that if any relief was to be provided it would be necessary to make some provision for segregation on racial or national lines or, at least, according to social status. The obstacles to reform are, however, serious, and if Mr. Davis were to accept the suggestions of the Ambassador he would have to go to Congress not only for formidable supplementary estimates in addition to the large sums already voted for the immigration service but for a modification of the existing laws, and it is suggested that any legislation would raise serious difficulties.

The investigation also disclosed the fact that any scheme for the separation of immigrants would involve more room than is available on Ellis Island, and the adoption of the plan would involve the purchase of other quarters, which would be not only expensive but hard to find. Mr. Davis now knows what Sir Auckland Geddes thinks of the position, and it is assumed that he will work out a scheme which will meet some of the defects which have been brought to light in existing methods.

Angry scenes were witnessed in the South African Parliament in January, when Mr. F. W. Beyers made a bitter attack on the memoirs of General Buller and Dr. Jameson, and subsequently in the Lobby when reproached by Sir A. B. Bailey, Mr. Beyers retorted by calling Sir A. B. Bailey "a liar." The latter at once struck Mr. Beyers a blow on the mouth, drawing blood.

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CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CASE JUDGE ON PRAYER.

At the Lincolnshire Assizes last month, George Anderson, aged 30, a malingerer, was indicted for the manslaughter of his daughter, aged 20 months, and in the alternative of neglecting or ill-treating her so as to cause unnecessary suffering. A verdict of not guilty was returned, and the accused was discharged.

The prosecuting counsel, Mr. Gallop, said the accused was a Christian Scientist. Two or three years ago he became acquainted with a Miss Conant, of Oakham, and her secretary, Miss Fry, also Christian Scientists. On November 9th, 1932, Miss Conant and Miss Fry were at the Andersons' house and gave Christian Science treatment to two of the children who were unwell. Christian Science treatment might be either "absent" or in the presence of the sufferer. The two children recovered. On the 14th Miss Conant went to the house again, and Anderson then said that Kathleen had the measles. Miss Conant did nothing there but on the 15th, 16th, 17th, and 18th she gave "absent" treatment; that was to say, she prayed.

On November 20th she called and saw the child, who had spots. She gave further treatment on November 21st, and on the 22nd Miss Fry called and Anderson said the child had gone black in the face and he had sent for a doctor. She was nursing the child when it died.

Miss Amy Louisa Emily Conant said she was a Christian Science practitioner and gave mental treatment to two other children of Anderson's, aged five and seven. The treatment was the action of the Divine mind on the human mind, induced by prayer. She made a charge for the treatment.

Mr. Justice Sankey.—Do you mean you charge for prayer?—The witness said she did.

What did you charge?—Does it depend on the length of the prayer?—The witness said, "No, on the circumstances of the case. In this case the charge was 5s. for absent treatment. The charge, she thought, was 2s. a week. She said the prayers to herself, not aloud.

In further reply to the Judge, the witness said the treatment was based on the absent treatment by Jesus Christ of persons at a distance. She believed that prayer could benefit people at a distance. She had once treated twenty persons in a day, and it took her seven or eight hours. Anderson told her to believe that an ordinary man or woman could do so. The jury must be on their guard against treating the case as a religious one. It was distasteful to him, and he was sure it was to them also, to criticise the actions of a man which were dictated by his conscience. He would be the last to doubt the efficacy of prayer.

A great English poet honoured in that city and country had said—
More things are wrought by prayer
Than this world dreams of.

The duty of prayer was not disputed, and there was no question of the accused having broken a Divine law, but a human law which was not in conflict with it. The jury had only to consider whether the prisoner had broken one of the laws of the country. They had not to consider whether Christian Scientists were right or wrong. It was alleged that the child's life might have been prolonged, if not saved, if a doctor had been called in sooner.

The jury, as stated, acquitted the accused.

THE PURPOSE OF PAIN. WHY TASTE FOR SWEET FOOD DECREASES WITH AGE.

In continuing his discussion of "High Roads into the Mind" at Gresham College, Sir Robert Armstrong-Jones remarked that pain was an effective weapon for the defence of the organism, but there was no evidence that it was felt by the lower animals as by man. A bumble-bee, in fact, would go on sipping honey, and he held that pain was felt with more intensity with the growth of civilization and the development of man to a higher plane. He had known demented people in whom the sense of pain was to a great extent abolished. The purpose of taste and smell was to guard the entrance to the respiratory and digestive organs. But taste, at least, was a poor guard, seeing that children would swallow anything, sweet, whether wholesome or not. The sense was less acute in adults, who counted it as a virtue that they did not take sweet things. This, however, was not a virtue, but the result of pathological changes. Their taste had got blunted through eating too much and taking their food too hot. The national standard of cookery also had much to answer for in reducing the sense of taste to a low ebb. The taste-buds on the tongue could only appreciate four sensations—bitter, sweet, acid, and salt, others being merely combinations of these. Taste was more intellectual than smell, but much less acute. Yet it could recognise constituents and detect adulteration more readily.

PERSPECT OF TOOTHLESS RACE.

At the winter meeting of the British Dental Association Eastern Counties Branch, at Bedford, on February 10th, Mr. C. N. Pascoe dealt with the harmful effects of glucose upon teeth. Two million tons were consumed in Great Britain in one year. Instead of over-feeding children, he said, with starchy substances, biscuits, cake, and potatoes, which was responsible for much early, bronchitis, and lung troubles, children should be given more animal fats, butter, milk, eggs, &c. The Food and Drugs Act should be amended so that pure sugar only should be given to a child in sweets. If the proper precautions were not taken more adults of 20 years hence would be toothless.

DEVIANT-BADDELORE.

Action has been taken against three licensed-dealers in Montreal who have neglected to pay the special annual income-tax of \$10 (about £2). With costs the tax will be increased to \$12.70 (about £2.14).

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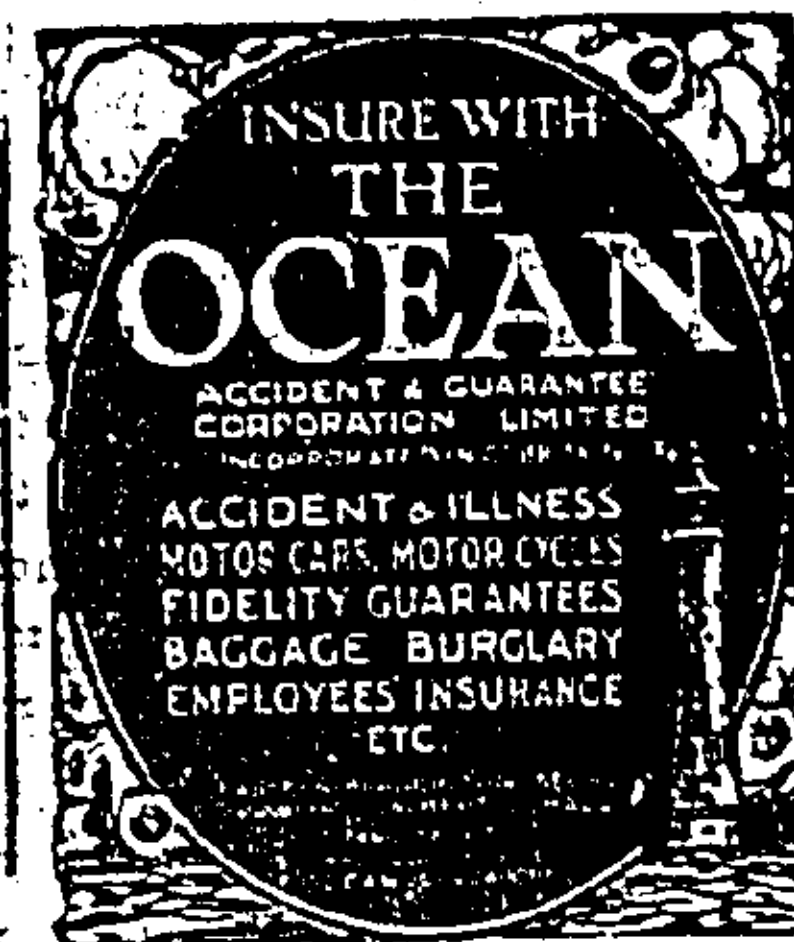
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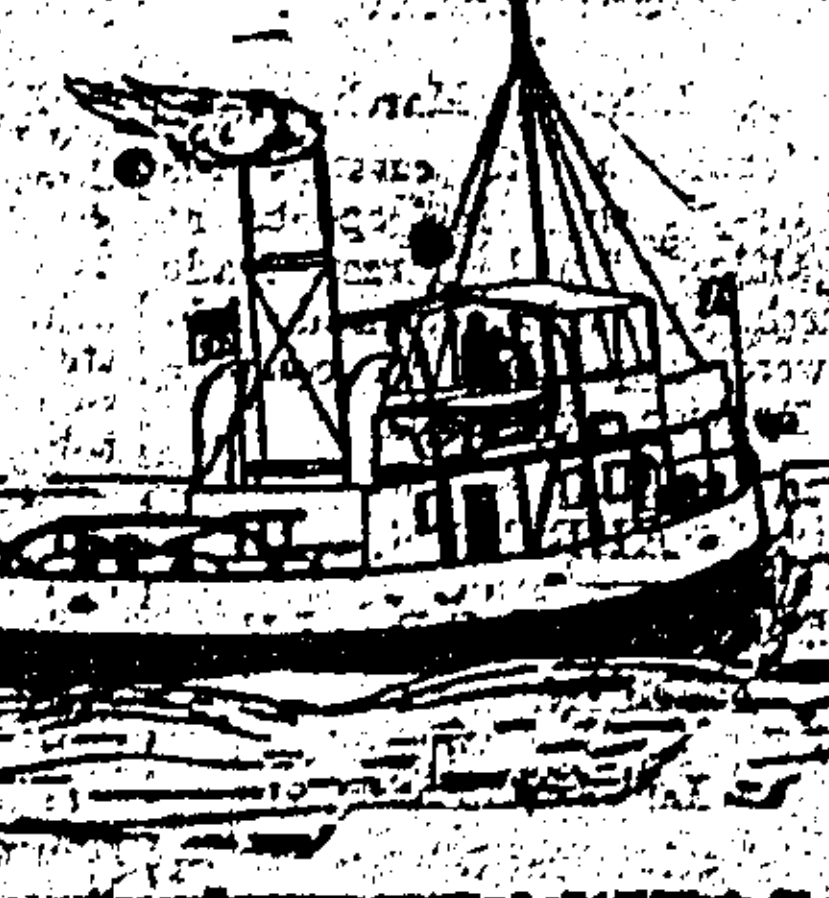
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THE GERMAN ARMY.
CAN IT RESIST FRANCE?
[BY LIEUT.-COLONEL RAMPINGTON.]

Investigations made here do not disclose any German military movements of much account. There have been some additions to the garrison of Munich, but they are attributed to the Hitler movement, while a little temporary effervescence at Münster has calmed down.

On the other hand, it is believed that the chiefs of the Reichswehr were called to Berlin recently and asked the plain question whether the German army was in a position to offer resistance to the French. This question may have been raised in connection with the suggestion to break off relations with France, which is reported to have come before the German Government more than once. The Reichswehr chiefs are said to have replied that, from the point of view of effectives, the army was in a position to resist, but from that of war material it was not for the moment sufficiently equipped.

The reply in the affirmative regarding the effectiveness is interesting, for it implies that the military authorities have made plans of mobilisation wholly inconsistent with their engagements. Evidently resistance cannot imply resistance to the Chinese army detachment in the Ruhr alone, but to a mobilised French army. The negative reply on the subject of war material is an indirect tribute to the work of General Nollet's commission in Germany, which has certainly accomplished much and has effected the destruction of German war material on a most comprehensive scale. At the same time, I believe that General Nollet admits that a firm basis for his investigations was not obtainable, because the Germans declared that the lists of war material in the hands of troops at depots and magazines in the autumn of 1918 had been destroyed at the time of the revolution. Consequently, no exact estimate can be made of the war material which has escaped the notice of the commission.

The French believe that factories in Russia, Sweden, and Holland are now engaged upon contracts for war material for the German Government. If some enterprising newspaper wished to inquire when the world would be tipped upside down again it would make researches in the countries named; but the French consider that all the revelations made already prove that the Germans were far ahead in their preparations than has been supposed, and that had Germany been granted a long moratorium, the close of the period might have found her armed and ready to fight. That unpleasant conclusion, apart from all other reasons, makes impracticable for France to withdraw from her present position, and see not the remotest sign of weakness here.

Viewed from here, the conduct of the present economic war by Germany seems clearer and not ineffective, but it owes popular success to the extreme moderation displayed by General Degoutte and French troops, which has been mistaken for weakness. Herr Cuno and his master have been too prudent. The French and Hugo Stinnes, jockeyed the Ruhr for their rapid tour through the Ruhr Monday last in order to bring upon this course of resistance. Evidently this course of action cannot be allowed to go on, and we are now at the beginning of a more serious phase of the struggle in which we can scarcely expect such an absence of serious incidents as has hitherto characterised the occupation hitherto.

It seems to me rather contemptible that a Government should display such a great working population, the burden of its own faults and by ordering resistance to French authority should both inspire and incite acts which an army of occupation is bound to repress.

EUROPEAN RESENTMENT GROWING

On instructions from the Colonial Office the Government introduced a Bill prolonging the life of the Legislative Council until February next in order to give effect to the understanding that the Indians be admitted to participation in the next general election. [In the ordinary course the Council would have been dissolved on the 20th inst.] European members have fought the Bill

of every stage. Mr. Delamater, voicing the views of the non-official members, declared that the Bill was an arbitrary interference with the constitution granted to the European community, and was also unjustified. The Governor was empowered to dissolve the Council at any time, and the Bill, owing to the hasty recruitment it aroused among the European voters, the Bill would (he argued) only make a settlement more difficult. "This," said Mr. Delamater, "is simply direct action on the part of the Secretary of State. The Bill is the people of the country, an example of direct action which they must follow."

The Bill passed its second reading means of the official vote, but Sir Coryndon (the Governor) is holding up the final stages of the measure pending instructions from London after the submission the views of the elected members.—Times.

**ROOMS WHERE RATS KILLED 9
CATS.**

When a dog was accused at Liverpool last month, of theft, the probation officer said: "The boy's family—seven persons—live in two small rooms, which are infested with rats."
"The rats have killed six cats. Sunday, seven rats surrounded a cat containing a captured rat."
"There is no wonder that the dog sought the streets at night."
The family's "home" is in Roscommon street, Liverpool.

Mar. 22nd at 11.17—Pressure has decreased moderately in N.E. districts, and slightly in central districts. It has decreased slightly

The anticyclone has moved eastward. It is now central over Korea. Moderate monsoon may be expected along the S.E. coast of China and over the N. China Sea.

Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m., 22nd Mar., 0.00 inch. Total since January 1st, 1.18 inches, against an average of 5.06 inches.

The forecast for the 24 hours ending a noon, 23rd Mar., is as follows:—

Forecast
23rd Mar. 0.00 inch
24th Mar. 0.00 inch
25th Mar. 0.00 inch
26th Mar. 0.00 inch
27th Mar. 0.00 inch
28th Mar. 0.00 inch
29th Mar. 0.00 inch
30th Mar. 0.00 inch
31st Mar. 0.00 inch

Hongkong to Gap Back N.E. winds, mod
erate; fine to
cloudy.

Formosa Channel N.E. winds,
fresh.

South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamockal. The same as No. 1.

HONGKONG METEOROLOGICAL

Hongkong Observatory, March 22nd.

	Previous Day at 3 p.m.	On Date at 3 a.m.	On Date at 3 p.m.
Barometer	30.15	30.19	30.15
Temperature	54	48	69
Humidity	63	84	67
Wind Direction	E	E	E
Force	3	2	4
Weather	B	B	B
Rain	0.0	0.00	0.00
Highest open-air Temperature on first			
Lowest " " " " " " " " " " " "			

From Mar. 13 rd to 29 th , 1923.									
High Water.					Low Water.				
Day of Week	Day of Month	H. High Standard Time	Height		H. Low Standard Time	Height		Tide	
			ft.	in.		ft.	in.	ft.	in.
Fri.	21	h m	4	7	h m	6	14	2	2
		0 30	5	5		7	45	3	3
Satur.	24	h m	4	5	h m	8	38	3	3
		1 44	5	3		8	49	3	3
Sun.	25	h m	3	3	h m	10	34	3	3
		2 30	3	2		7	33	3	3
Mon.	26	h m	3	3	h m	11	43	3	3
		3 11	4	0		8	30	4	4
Tues.	27	h m	4	6	h m	11	44	3	3
		4 44	4	6		10	11	3	3
Wed.	28	h m	5	2	h m	11	42	3	3
		5 55	5	3		10	40	3	3
Thurs.	29	h m	5	3	h m	10	40	3	3
		6 54	5	3		9	40	3	3

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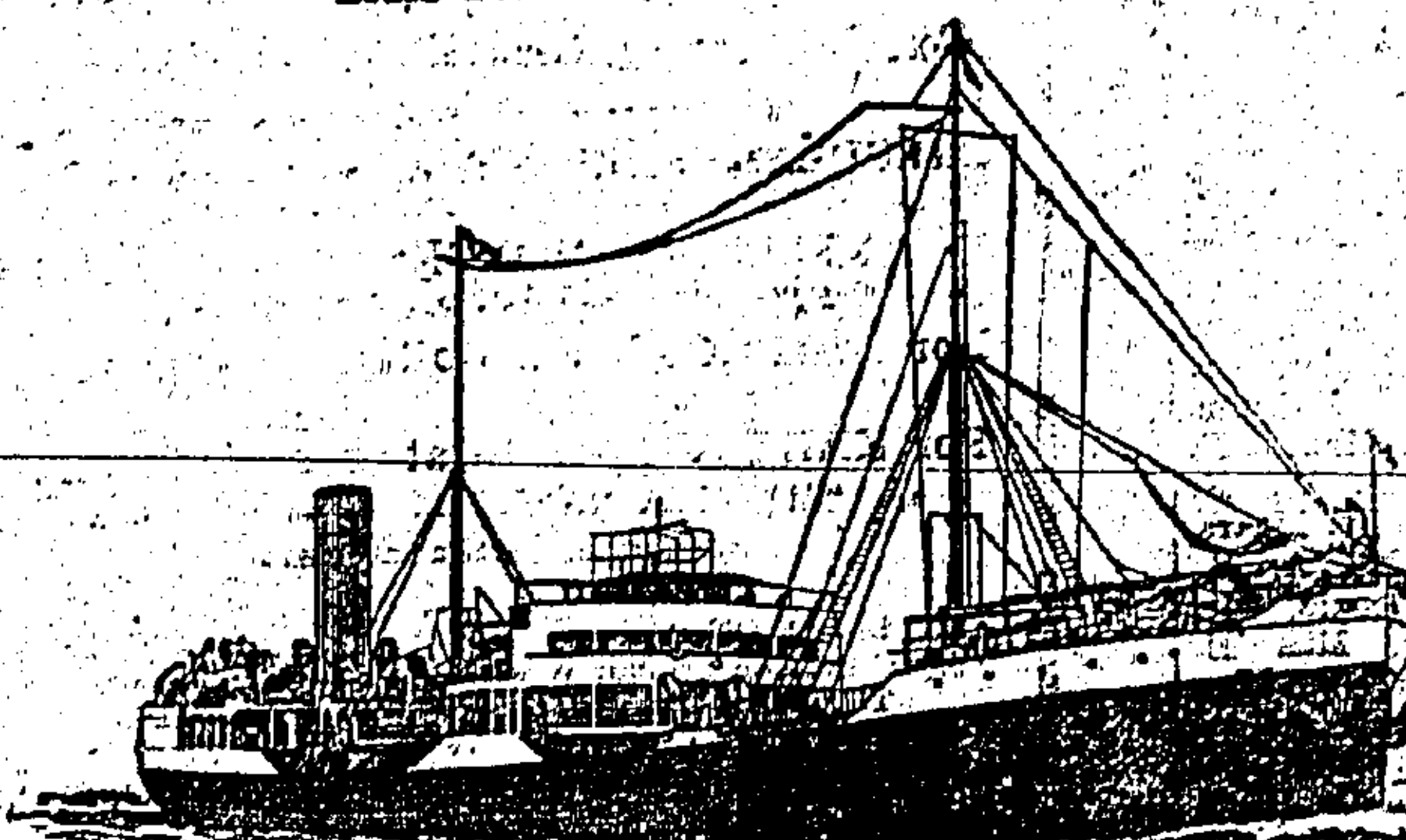
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Kiungchow, for Swatow.
Kweilin, for Canton.
Pakhoi, for Canton.
President Madison, for Saigon.
E. C. Rickmers, for Shan-
Shantung, for Canton.
Sui Yang, for Swatow.
Yunnan, for Hoihow.

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SHIPPING MOVEMENTS.

The R.M.S. *Empress of Canada* left Shanghai to-morrow (Saturday), at 2 p.m.

The B. I. Co.'s s.s. *Takada* left Singapore for this port on the 21st inst., and is due on the morning of the 27th inst.

VESSELS EXPECTED.

André Lebon (M.M.), due April 10th.
Cheliceroph (Blue Funnel), due Mar. 27th.
India (East Asiatic Co.), due Mar. 26th.
Empress of Canada, due Monday, March
 26th, at 8 p.m.
Eurylochus (Blue Funnel), due April
 14th.
Jeyapore (P. & O.), due to-day, 7 a.m.
Karnata, (P. & O.), due March 24th.
Ludendorff (Reuter, Brockelmann & Co.),
 due to-day.
Menator (Blue Funnel), due April 12th.
Ningbooh (Blue Funnel), due April 21st.
Paul Lear (M.M.), due March 27th.
Perseus (Blue Funnel), due March 31st.
Philoctetes (Blue Funnel), due to-day
 p.m.
President Pierce, due April 1st.

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SUWA MARU Wednesday, 28th Mar.
FUSHIMI MARU Wednesday, 11th April.
YAMBURO via LONDON & ROTTERDAM.
MATSUMOTO MARU 1st half April.
LIVERPOOL via MARSEILLES & VALENCIA.
LYONS MARU 1st half April.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila. &c.
YOSHINO MARU Wednesday, 18th April
AEI MARU Wednesday, 16th May.
NEW YORK & BOSTON via PANAMA.
TAKEUCHI MARU. Middle April.
BUNOS AIRES via Singapore, Delagoa Bay, Durban & Cape Town.
KANAGAWA MARU Friday, 13th April.
SOMBAIA via Singapore and Colombo.
GENOA MARU Friday, 22d Mar.
AWA MARU Thursday, 28th Mar.
CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
BENGAL MARU Saturday, 24th Mar.
OSAKA MARU Friday, 30th Mar.
NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
AKI MARU Thursday, 13th April.
SHANGHAI KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
HAIOZAKI MARU Tuesday, 27th Mar.
DAKAR MARU Monday, 2nd April.
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VESSELS ADVERTISED AS LOADING

DESTINATION	VESSEL'S NAME	FLAG	FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO	TO BE DESPATCHED
NEW YORK & PANAMA	Taketsugu Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On Middle April
NEW YORK & BOSTON	Siarlo Prince	Brit.	Prince Line	On 31st Mar.
BOSTON & NEW YORK via SUEZ	City of Lincoln	Brit.	The Bank Line, Limited	On 35th Mar.
SAN FRANCISCO via SHANGHAI & JAPAN	Elkridge	Am.	Strathers & Barry	On 24th April
SAN FRANCISCO via SHANGHAI, B.C. & SHANGHAI	President Cleveland	Am.	Pacific Mail S.S. Co.	On 28th Mar.
VICTORIA & VANCOUVER	Empress Russia	Jap.	Canadian Pacific O. & Ltd.	About 18th April
VICTORIA, SHANTAI & VANCOUVER via SHANGHAI	Yokohama Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 6th April
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SHANTAI & TACOMA	Arabis Maru	Jap.	Oakaka Shosen Kaisha	On 7th April, 10 a.m.
VICTORIA, SHANTAI & VANCOUVER	Philoketes	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 26th Mar.
VANCOUVER via SEASIDE & JAPAN, &c.	Empress Canada	Brit.	Canadian Pacific O. & Ltd.	On 7th April
MARSHILLLES, LONDON & ANTWERP	Angela	Portug.	P. & O. B. L. & A. L.	On 4th April
MARSHILLLES, &c.	Portheos	Portug.	Messageries Maritimes	On 2nd April
MARSHILLLES, &c.	Arman i Bekio	Portug.	Messageries Maritimes	On 17th April
MARSHILLLES, &c.	Paul Locat	Portug.	Messageries Maritimes	On 28th Mar.
MARSHILLLES, LONDON & ANTWERP via SINGAPORE, &c.	Sawa Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 37th Mar.
MARSHILLLES, LONDON & ROTTERDAM	City of Simla	Brit.	The Bank Line, Ltd.	On 6th April
MARSHILLLES, GENOA, LIVERPOOL & GLASGOW	Antikiohus	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 31st Mar.
LONDON & ANTWERP & ANTWERP	Ballerophon	Jap.	Oakaka Shosen Kaisha	On 7th April
LONDON, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM & ANTWERP & MARA	Paris Maru	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.	On 10th April
LONDON, GENOA, HULL, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	Sumbrokeshire	Ger.	Jawa-China-Japan-Lijn	On 30th Mar.
ROTTERDAM, AMSTERDAM, HAMBURG & BREMEN	Carl Legien	Dut.	Boater Broekelman & Co.	About 14th April
ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG & BREMEN	C. M. Mailhot	Portug.	Messageries Maritimes	About 14th April
FORBES, VALPARAISO, BORDEAUX, HAVRE, ANT. DUT.	Gnome Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 23rd Mar.
BORDEAUX via SINGAPORE, COLOMBO	Kwabang	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.	On 31st Mar., 3 p.m.
SWIRATTS & CALCUTTA	Soudan	Brit.	P. & O. B. L. & A. L.	On 30th Mar.
SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO & BOMBAY	Van Overstraten	Dut.	Jawa-China-Japan-Lijn	On 30th Mar.
SINGAPORE & BELAWAN-DELI	Chinhuu	Brit.	Dodwell & Co., Ltd.	On 23rd Mar.
BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE	Chinhuu	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 23rd Mar., Noon
HOHONG & SINGAPORE	Takewa Maru	Jap.	Yamashita Kisen Kaisha	About
HAIKONG via HAIKOW & PANGLOSS	Makima Maru	Jap.	Yamashita Kisen Kaisha	About 23rd Mar.
KEELUNG via SWATOW & AMOI	Hinsang	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.	On 29th April, 5 p.m.
SARAKAN	Yoshino Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 28th April
AUSTRALIAN PORTS via MANILA	Arafura	Brit.	P. & O. B. L. & A. L.	On 7th April
AUSTRALIAN PORTS	Hopeang	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.	On 23rd Mar., Noon
SHANGHAI via SWATOW	Hakokai Maru	Jap.	Nippon Yusen Kaisha	On 27th Mar.
SHANGHAI, KORE & YOKOHAMA	Paul Locat	Portug.	Messageries Maritimes	On 27th Mar.
SHANGHAI, KORE & YOKOHAMA	St. Louis, Lombard	Portug.	Messageries Maritimes	On 28th Mar.
SHANGHAI, FUKOW, HANKOW & TAKOU	Karmak	Brit.	P. & O. B. L. & A. L.	On 26th Mar., 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI & JAPAN	Shantung	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 24th Mar., 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	Yensia	Brit.	Dodwell & Co., Ltd.	About 11th April
SHANGHAI	Tsiliajap	Dut.	Jawa-China-Japan-Lijn	About 14th April
BAKIKAPAP, MAKASSAR & SOERABAYA	Amazon Maru	Brit.	Oakaka Shosen Kaisha	On 25th Mar.
JAPAN PORTS	Cheongching	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.	On 31st Mar., Noon
TIENTSIN	Tsilihi	Dut.	Jawa-China-Japan-Lijn	About 23rd Mar.
BATAVIA via BANGA & BILLITON	Maly Maru	Brit.	Oakaka Shosen Kaisha	On 12th Apr.
CALOUTTA, SINGAPORE & RANGOON	Chinshoo	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.	On 26th Mar., 10 a.m.
RANGKOK via HOHONG	Kwengchow	Brit.	Butterfield & Swire	On 27th Mar., Noon
SWATOW & RANGKOK	Haching	Brit.	Douglas Laprak & Co.	On 23rd Mar., 1 p.m.
SWATOW, AMOI & POCHOW	Hakfong	Brit.	Douglas Laprak & Co.	On 30th Mar., 12 Noon
SWATOW	Yutansang	Brit.	Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.	On 23rd Mar., 3 p.m.
MANILA	President Pierce	Brit.	Pacific Mail S.S. Co.	On 2nd April
MANILA	West Prospect	Am.	Struthers & Barry	On 28th Mar.

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NABOIRE ...	23rd March	24th April	29th May
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"SOUDAN"	5,700	30th Mar.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Bombay.
"DONGOLA"	5,800	4th Apr.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Bombay.
"NAGPORE"	5,253	8th Apr.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Bombay.
"KARAKUM"	7,000	18th Apr.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp.
"SICILIA"	6,800	27th Apr.	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Bombay.
"KARAKUM"	9,000	2nd May	Marseilles, London & Antwerp.
"KARAKUM"	9,000	16th May	do.
"SOUDAN"	5,700	23rd May	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Bombay.
"NYANZA"	7,000	30th May	Marseilles, London & Antwerp.
"SARDINIA"	6,800	12th June	do.
"DELTA"	10,967	27th June	do.
"MALWA"	10,941	11th July	do.
"DEVANHA"	5,094	25th July	do.

BRITISH INDIA - APCAR, SAILINGS

"TANDA" ... 6,856 ... 3rd Apr. ... (Calcutta via Singapore & Penang)
"JANTS" ... 4,824 ... 6th Apr. ... Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
"JAPAN" ... 6,000 ... 11th Apr. ... do.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

"ARAFURA" ... 6,000 ... 7th Apr. ... Manila, Sandakan, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney & Melbourne.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following—
The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal. (San Francisco, etc.)
The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.
The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILING TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

"KARAKUM" ... 9,000 ... 25th Mar., 10 a.m. ... Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"TAKADA" ... 6,049 ... 29th Mar. ... Moji & Kobe.
"KARAKUM" ... 8,540 ... 6th Apr. ... Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
"ST. ALBANS" ... 4,601 ... 10th Apr. ... Japan Direct.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.

Passengers for Hongkong must delay their own Hotel expenses at Singapore while awaiting the carrying steamer.

First-class Passengers may travel by R.M.S. Company's Steamers between Singapore and Calcutta or Singapore and Madras in the P. & O. Branch of their P. & O. Service.

All Carriage are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.

Parcels Measuring not more than 2 1/2 ft. x 1 1/2 ft. x 1 1/2 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to Noon on the day previous to sailing.

For further information, Passage Fares, Freight Handbooks, etc., apply to—

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

2, Des Voeux Road, Central, HONGKONG.

Agents.

PRINCE LINE FAR EAST SERVICE

Regular Sailings to Boston and/or New York by fast freight steamers.

For BOSTON

NEW YORK

S.S. "SLAVIC PRINCE" ... 31st March

For Freight and full particulars apply to—

FURNESS (FAR EAST) LIMITED.

Telephone: Central 5165

Telegrams (Furness)

(Incorporated in Great Britain)

St. George's Building

(21)

O. S. K.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

LONDON, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM, ANTWERP, MARSEILLES.

Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.

"PARIS MARU" ... (Taking Passengers) ... Saturday, 7th April

BUENOS AIRES, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, DURBAN & CAPE TOWN via SAIGON & SINGAPORE. PASSENGER SERVICE.

"CANADA MARU" ... Thursday, 27th Mar., 11 a.m.

BOMBAY & COLOMBO—REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE via SINGAPORE.

"HIMALAYA MARU" ... Thursday, 6th April

SAIGON, HANGKOW & SINGAPORE—Regular monthly Passenger Service.

"KISHU MARU" ... Sunday, 1st April

CALCUTTA—Monthly Service via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

"MALAY MARU" ... Thursday, 18th April

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE & TACOMA via Shanghai and Japan Ports—Taking cargo OVERLAND PORTS U.S.A. & CANADA—Passenger Service.

"ARABIA MARU" ... Saturday, 7th April

NEW YORK via PANAMA—Regular monthly service via Japan Ports, San Francisco, Panama and Colon Ports.

"HAYANAMARU" ... Thursday, 28th Mar.

JAPAN PORTS—Kobe, Yokohama, Moji & Osaka.

"AMAZON MARU" ... Sunday, 25th Mar.

KEELUNG, SWATOW & AMOY—Three Steamers per week excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers.

"KAIJO MARU" ... Every Sunday, 10 a.m.

"AMAKURA MARU" ... Every Sunday, 10 a.m.

TAKAO via SWATOW & AMOY. ... Thursday, 28th Mar., 9 a.m.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

K. SHIMA, Manager.

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS.

For	Steamer	To Sail	D.L.
SHANGHAI	"SUICHANG"	On 13th Mar., 10 a.m.	...
HONGKOW, FAKHOI & HAIPHONG	"YUNNAN"	On 23rd Mar., Noon.	...
HONGKOW & SINGAPORE	"CHINHUA"	On 24th Mar., 4 p.m.	...
WEIHAIWEI & TIENSIN	"KUEICHOW"	On 25th Mar., 10 a.m.	...
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	"SHANTUNG"	On 25th Mar., 10 a.m.	...
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & PUKEW	"YINGCHOW"	On 26th Mar., Noon.	...
SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"KINGTUAN"	On 26th Mar., Noon.	...
SWATOW & HANGKOW	"SWANCHOW"	On 27th Mar., 4 p.m.	...
MANILA	"FAMING"	On 27th Mar., 4 p.m.	...
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"SZECHUEN"	On 28th Mar., 4 p.m.	...
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"SUNNING"	On 29th Mar., 4 p.m.	...

Excellent Falcon accommodation midships, with Electric Fans fitted. Regular Schedule service four times weekly between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai leaving Hongkong Sundays (extending to Peking), Tuesdays and Saturdays (extending to Hongkong), and Thursdays (via Amoy). Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading to all Yantai and North China ports. Passengers for Shanghai do not require to tranship at Wooning.

HANGKOW LINE—Regular weekly service leaving Hongkong Tuesdays to and from Hangkow via Swatow maintained by new "K" class steamers, attractively fitted for passengers, with double and single-berth cabins.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

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Telephone: Central 33.

CARGO & PASSENGER CAN BE INSURED AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE (JONES SWIRE & SONS, LTD.)

AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE

HONGKONG TO PHILIPPINES AND AUSTRALIAN PORTS

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS.

Steamer	Arr. Hongkong from Australia	Leave Hongkong for Sandakan, Manila & Australian Ports
"TAIYUAN"	24th April	25th April

This Steamer is fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice Fresh Provisions, etc., and has superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State Rooms. A fully qualified Doctor is carried. General Cargo, Cargo booked through to all Australian, New Zealand & Transvaal Ports.

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FROM HONGKONG BY DIRECT ROUTE.

U.S.S. "Elbridge" ... Due Hongkong 8th Apr.

U.S.S. "West Chopaka" ... Due Hongkong 10th May.

CARGO ACCEPTED FOR TRANSHIPMENT AT SAN FRANCISCO TO WEEKLY SAILINGS FOR ATLANTIC SEABOARD PORTS. THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO U.S. AND CANADIAN OVERLAND PORTS.

TO MANILA AND SINGAPORE.

U.S.S. "West Prospect" (to Manila only) ... Due Hongkong 27th Mar.

U.S.S. "West Chopaka" ... Due Hongkong 28th Mar.

U.S.S. "West Chopaka" ... Due Hongkong 12th April.

U.S.S. "West Chopaka" ... Due Hongkong 12th April.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED TO ALL PORTS NOT SERVED.

For Full Information Apply to

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SAN FRANCISCO via SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & HONOLULU.

S.S. "PRESIDENT CLEVELAND" ... Leaves Hongkong ... Arrives San Francisco

S.S. "PRESIDENT PIERCE" ... Mar. 29th ... April 20th

S.S. "PRESIDENT WILSON" ... April 11th ... May 3rd

S.S. "PRESIDENT LINCOLN" ... April 25th ... May 12th

Sailings & Fares Subject to Change Without Notice.

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First-Class Rail-accommodations with stop-over privileges

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Accommodations any Atlantic Ocean Steamer.

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Leaves Hongkong.

Arrives Manila.

S.S. "PRESIDENT PIERCE" ... April 2nd ... April 4th

S.S. "PRESIDENT WILSON" ... April 12th ... April 15th

S.S. "PRESIDENT LINCOLN" ... April 25th ... May 2nd

HONGKONG-CALCUTTA SERVICE.

Freight Only

FOR CALCUTTA via SINGAPORE, PENANG & RANGOON.

S.S. "LAKE FIELDING" ... Mar. 23rd

For full information regarding rates, space, etc., apply to

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Cable Address: "ROMANO."

Tel. Central 141.

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